

REPORT ON RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT PILLAR3 OF THE BASEL FOR THE FIRST HALF OF THE YEAR 2024

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION UNDER PART EIGHT OF REGULATION (EU) No 575/2013

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DISCLOSURE OF KEY PARAMETERS

Template EU OV1 - Overview of total risk exposure amounts

		Total risk expos (TRE		Total own funds requirements	
		30-06-2024	31-03-2024	30-06-2024	
1	Credit risk (excluding CCR)	2,203,539	2,095,012	176,283	
2	Of which the standardised approach	2,203,539	2,095,012	176,283	
3	Of which the Foundation IRB (F-IRB) approach				
4	Of which slotting approach				
EU 4a	Of which equities under the simple risk weighted approach				
5	Of which the Advanced IRB (A-IRB) approach				
6	Counterparty credit risk - CCR	24,019	20,571	1,922	
7	Of which the standardised approach	5 195	4,602	416	
8	Of which internal model method (IMM)				
EU 8a	Of which exposures to a CCP				
EU 8b	Of which credit valuation adjustment - CVA	63	113	5	
9	Of which other CCR	18,761	15,856	1,501	
10	Not applicable				
11	Not applicable				
12	Not applicable				
13	Not applicable				
14	Not applicable				
15	Settlement risk				
16	Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book (after the cap)	104,027	90,294	8,322	
17	Of which SEC-IRBA approach				
18	Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)				
19	Of which SEC-SA approach	104,027	90,294	8,322	
EU 19a	Of which 1250% / deduction				
20	Position, foreign exchange and commodities risks (Market risk)	19,151	22,954	1,532	
21	Of which the standardised approach	19,151	22,954	1,532	
22	Of which IMA				
EU 22a	Large exposures				
23	Operational risk	273,992	273,992	21,919	
EU 23a	Of which basic indicator approach	273,992	273,992	21,919	
EU 23b	Of which standardised approach				
EU 23c	Of which advanced measurement approach				
24	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)				
25	Not applicable				
26	Not applicable				
27	Not applicable				
28	Not applicable				
29	Total	2,624,728	2,502,823	209,978	



Template EU KM1 - Key metrics template

		а	b	С	d	е
		30-06-2024	31-03-2024	31-12-2023	30-09-2023	30-06-2023
	Available own funds (amounts)		0.00 202.	0 2020	00 00 2020	00 00 2020
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	459,166	465,393	485,311	455,880	415,624
2	Tier 1 capital	459,166	465,393	485,311	455,880	415,624
3	Total capital	525,113	528,276	546,599	516,727	476,649
Ü	Risk-weighted exposure amounts			,	,	-,-
4	Total risk exposure amount	2,624,728	2,502,823	2,439,333	2,421,787	2,430,251
•	Capital ratios (as a percentage of risk-weighted exposure amount)					, ,
5	Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%)	17.49%	18.59%	19.90%	18.82%	17.10%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	17.49%	18.59%	19.90%	18.82%	17.10%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	20.01%	21.11%	22.41%	21.34%	19.61%
	Additional own funds requirements to address risks other than the risk of	excessive leve	rage (as a perc	entage of risk-	weighted expo	sure
	amount)					
EU 7a	Additional own funds requirements to address risks other than the risk of excessive leverage (%)	2.05%	2.05%	2.05%	2.05%	2.05%
EU 7b	of which: to be made up of CET1 capital (percentage points)	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012
EU 7c	of which: to be made up of Tier 1 capital (percentage points)	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
EU 7d	Total SREP own funds requirements (%)	10.05%	10.05%	10.05%	10.05%	15.51%
	Combined buffer and overall capital requirement (as a percentage of risk-	weighted expo	sure amount)			
8	Capital conservation buffer (%)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
EU 8a	Conservation buffer due to macro-prudential or systemic risk identified at the level of a Member State (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
9	Institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (%)	1.00%	1.00%	0.99%	0.02%	0.02%
EU 9a	Systemic risk buffer (%)	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.19%	0.19%
10	Global Systemically Important Institution buffer (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
EU 10a	Other Systemically Important Institution buffer (%)	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
11	Combined buffer requirement (%)	4.70%	4.70%	4.69%	3.71%	3.71%
EU 11a	Overall capital requirements (%)	14.75%	14.75%	14.74%	13.76%	13.76%
12	CET1 available after meeting the total SREP own funds requirements (%)	9.96%	11.06%	12.36%	11.29%	9.56%
	Leverage ratio					
13	Total exposure measure	5,264,328	5,069,058	5,081,739	4,912,200	4,715,718
14	Leverage ratio (%)	8.72%	9.18%	9.55%	9.28%	8.81%
	Additional own funds requirements to address the risk of excessive levera	age (as a perce	ntage of total e	xposure meas	ure)	
EU 14a	Additional own funds requirements to address the risk of excessive leverage (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
EU 14b	of which: to be made up of CET1 capital (percentage points)	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
EU 14c	Total SREP leverage ratio requirements (%)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
	Leverage ratio buffer and overall leverage ratio requirement (as a percent	tage of total ex	posure measur	e)		
EU 14d	Leverage ratio buffer requirement (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
EU 14e	Overall leverage ratio requirement (%)	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio					
15	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) (Weighted value -average)	833,436	707,818	570,809	451,117	440,233
EU 16a	Cash outflows - Total weighted value	514,026	494,885	486,284	474,839	483,283
EU 16b	Cash inflows - Total weighted value	115,991	171,247	228,271	266,306	258,327
16	Total net cash outflows (adjusted value)	398,035	323,638	258,013	208,532	224,956
17	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	217.87%	228.81%	236.08%	227.72%	206.10%
	Net Stable Funding Ratio					
18	Total available stable funding	3,506,663	3,478,108	3,933,910	3,812,960	3,656,657



19	Total required stable funding	2,599,378	2,503,222	2,613,299	2,621,431	2,726,304
20	NSFR ratio (%)	134.90%	138.95%	150.53%	145.45%	134.13%

Template TFAS 9-FL - Comparison of institutions' own funds and capital and leverage ratios with and without the application of transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs

		30-06-2024	31-03-2024	31-12-2023	30-09-2023	30-06-2023
	Available capital (amounts)					
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	459,166	465,393	485,311	455,880	415,624
	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital as if IFRS 9 or analogous					
2	ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	451,088	457,337	469,738	444,079	404,937
3	Tier 1 capital	459,166	465,393	485,311	455,880	415,624
4	Tier 1 capital as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	451,088	457,337	469,738	444,079	404,937
5	Total capital	525,113	528,276	546,599	516,727	476,649
6	Total capital as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	517,035	520,220	531,026	504,926	465,963
	Risk-weighted assets (amounts)	011,000	020,220	001,020	001,020	100,000
7	Total risk-weighted assets	2,624,728	2,502,823	2,439,333	2,421,787	2,430,251
8	Total risk-weighted assets as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	2,616,650	2,494,767	2,423,760	2,409,986	2,419,565
	Capital ratios					
9	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount	17.49%	18.59%	19.90%	18.82%	17.10%
10	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	17.24%	18.33%	19.38%	18.43%	16.74%
	• •		18.59%			
11	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) as if IFRS 9 or	17.49%	18.59%	19.90%	18.82%	17.10%
12	analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	17.24%	18.33%	19.38%	18.43%	16.74%
13	Total capital (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)	20.01%	21.11%	22.41%	21.34%	19.61%
14	Total capital (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	19.76%	20.85%	21.91%	20.95%	19.26%
	Leverage ratio					
15	Leverage ratio total exposure measure	5,264,328	5,069,058	5,081,739	4,912,200	4,715,718
16	Leverage ratio	8.72%	9.18%	9.55%	9.28%	8.81%
17	Leverage ratio as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	8.58%	9.04%	9.27%	9.06%	8.61%

As of 1 January 2018, Šiaulių Bankas AB transitioned to the application of IFRS 9 and exercised the option provided for in Article 473a (1) of CRR to apply transitional measures to institutions to mitigate the impact of the introduction of IFRS 9 on own funds and chose to apply Article 473a (4) of CRR, it is a dynamic component. The bank did not change its initial decision made in 2018. The bank shall assign a 100% risk weight to the amount of ABSA referred to in point (a) of the second subparagraph of Article 473a (1) of Regulation 2020/873.



DISCLOSURE OF OWN FUNDS

Template EU CC1 - Composition of regulatory own funds

- 1	into the composition of regulatory controlled		
		a)	b)
		Amounts	Source based on reference numbers/letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation
	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital: instrum	ents and reserves	3
1	Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts	217,803	{EU CC2, r29, b)} + {EU CC2, r30, b)}
	of which: Instrument type 1		
	of which: Instrument type 2		
	of which: Instrument type 3		
2	Retained earnings	218,252	{EU CC1, r36, b)}
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	17,792	{EU CC1, r31, b)} + {EU CC1, r33, b)}+{EU CC1, r34, b)}+{EU CC1, r35, b)}
EU-3a	Funds for general banking risk	60,904	{EU CC1, r32, b)}
4	Amount of qualifying items referred to in Article 484 (3) CRR and the related share premium accounts subject to phase out from CET1		
5	Minority interests (amount allowed in consolidated CET1)		
EU-5a	Independently reviewed interim profits net of any foreseeable charge or dividend		
6	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital before regulatory adjustments	514,751	The sum of rows 1-5a
	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital: regulat	* *	
7	Additional value adjustments (negative amount)	(81)	
8	Intangible assets (net of related tax liability) (negative amount)	(41,790)	{EU CC1, r10, b)}
9	Not applicable		
10	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability where the conditions in Article 38 (3) CRR are met) (negative amount)	(207)	
11	Fair value reserves related to gains or losses on cash flow hedges of financial instruments that are not valued at fair value		
12	Negative amounts resulting from the calculation of expected loss amounts Any increase in equity that results from securitised assets (negative amount)		
14	Gains or losses on liabilities valued at fair value resulting from changes in own credit standing		
15	Defined-benefit pension fund assets (negative amount)		
16	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by an institution of own CET1 instruments (negative amount)	(900)	
17	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings of the CET 1 instruments of financial sector entities where those entities have reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution (negative amount)		
18	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount)		
	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of		
19	eligible short positions) (negative amount)		
20	Not applicable		
EU-20a	Exposure amount of the following items which qualify for a RW of 1250%, where the institution opts for the deduction alternative		



	of which: qualifying holdings outside the financial sector (negative]	
EU-20b	amount)		
EU-20c	of which: securitisation positions (negative amount)		
EU-20d	of which: free deliveries (negative amount) Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10%		
21	threshold, net of related tax liability where the conditions in Article 38 (3) CRR are met) (negative amount)		
22	Amount exceeding the 17,65% threshold (negative amount)		
23	of which: direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities		
24	Not applicable		
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences		
EU-25a	Losses for the current financial year (negative amount)		
	Foreseeable tax charges relating to CET1 items except where the institution suitably adjusts the amount of CET1 items insofar as such tax charges reduce the amount up to which those items may be used to cover risks or		
EU-25b	losses (negative amount)		
26	Not applicable Qualifying AT1 deductions that exceed the AT1 items of the institution		
27	(negative amount)	(12,607)	
27a 28	Other regulatory adjustments Total regulatory adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	(55,585)	Sum of rows 7-20a, 21, 22 and 25a-27a
29	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	459,166	The sum of rows 6 and 28
	Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital: insti		The sum of folia a unu 25
30	Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts		
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards		
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards		
	Amount of qualifying items referred to in Article 484 (4) CRR and the related		
33	share premium accounts subject to phase out from AT1		
EU-33a	Amount of qualifying items referred to in Article 494a(1) CRR subject to phase out from AT1		
EU-33b	Amount of qualifying items referred to in Article 494b(1) CRR subject to phase out from AT1		
34	Qualifying Tier 1 capital included in consolidated AT1 capital (including minority interests not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties		
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
36	Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital before regulatory adjustments		Sum of rows 30, 33 and 34
	Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital: regulatory	y adjustments	
37	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by an institution of own AT1 instruments (negative amount)		
<u> </u>	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings of the AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where those entities have reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution		
38	(negative amount)		
	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings of the AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short		
39	positions) (negative amount)		
	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the institution of the AT1		
	instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant		
40			



42	Qualifying T2 deductions that exceed the T2 items of the institution (negative amount)		
42a	Other regulatory adjustments to AT1 capital		
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital	_	Sum of rows 37 to 42
44	Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital	_	max(0, [row 36 minus row 43])
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)	459,166	Sum of rows 29 and r44
	Tier 2 (T2) capital: instrument		
			From {EU CC1, r22, b)} minus {EU CC1, r22a,
46	Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts	95,000	b)}
	Amount of qualifying items referred to in Article 484(5) CRR and the related share premium accounts subject to phase out from T2 as described in		
47	Article 486(4) CRR		
	Amount of qualifying items referred to in Article 494a(2) CRR subject to		
EU-47a	phase out from T2		
EU-47b	Amount of qualifying items referred to in Article 494b(2) CRR subject to phase out from T2		
	Qualifying own funds instruments included in consolidated T2 capital (including minority interests and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or		
48	34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties		
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
50	Credit risk adjustments		
51	Tier 2 (T2) capital before regulatory adjustments	95,000	Sum of rows 46, 47, 47a, 47b 48 and 5
<u> </u>	Tier 2 (T2) capital: regulatory adjus		Culli of fows 40, 47, 47 a, 47 b 40 and c
	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by an institution of own T2	, inchio	
52	instruments and subordinated loans (negative amount)		
-	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings of the T2 instruments and		
	subordinated loans of financial sector entities where those entities have		
53	reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution (negative amount)		
	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings of the T2 instruments and		
	subordinated loans of financial sector entities where the institution does not		
<i></i>	have a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount)		
54 54a	Not applicable		
J4a	Direct, indirect and synthetic holdings by the institution of the T2		
	instruments and subordinated loans of financial sector entities where the		
	institution has a significant investment in those entities (net of eligible short		
55	positions) (negative amount)		
56	Not applicable Qualifying eligible liabilities deductions that exceed the eligible liabilities		
EU-56a	items of the institution (negative amount)		
EU-56b	Other regulatory adjustments to T2 capital	(29,054)	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 (T2) capital	(29,054)	Sum of rows 52-56b
58	Tier 2 (T2) capital	65,946	max(0, [51 row minus 57 row])
59	Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)	525,113	Sum of rows 45 and 58
60	Total Risk exposure amount	2,624,728	
	Capital ratios and requirements includ	ing buffers	
61	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	17.49%	
62	Tier 1 capital	17.49%	
63	Total capita	20.01%	
64	Institution CET1 overall capital requirements	10.35%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.50%	
66	of which: countercyclical capital buffer requirement	1.00%	
	or minorii obuntoroyonour oupitur bunor roquironiont	1.00/0	



EU-67a	of which: Global Systemically Important Institution (G-SII) or Other Systemically Important Institution (0-SII) buffer requirement	1.00%	
EU-67b	of which: additional own funds requirements to address the risks other than the risk of excessive leverage	1.15%	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) available after meeting the minimum capital requirements	9.96%	{C 03.00, r0220, c0010} / {C 02.00, r0010 c0010}
	National minima (if different from B		
69	Not applicable	-	
70	Not applicable		
71	Not applicable		
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (be	efore risk weightir	ng)
72	Direct and indirect holdings of own funds and eligible liabilities of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount below 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions)		
73	Direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities (amount below 17.65% thresholds and net of eligible short positions)		
74	Not applicable		
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount below 17,65% threshold, net of related tax liability where the conditions in Article 38 (3) CRR are met)		
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provi	sions in Tier 2	
76	Credit risk adjustments included in T2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to the application of the cap)		
77	Cap on inclusion of credit risk adjustments in T2 under standardised approach		
78	Credit risk adjustments included in T2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to the application of the cap)		
79	Cap for inclusion of credit risk adjustments in T2 under internal ratings- based approach		
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applic	able between 1 Ja	nn 2014 and 1 Jan 2022)
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		

Template EU CC2 - reconciliation of regulatory own funds to balance sheet in the audited financial statements

state	statements								
		а	b	С					
		Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference					
		30-06-2024	30-06-2024						
	Assets - Breakdown by asset	et classes according to the	balance sheet in the publishe	ed financial statements					
1	Cash and cash equivalents	675,846	667,987						
2	Securities in the trading book	218,793	14,745						
3	Due from other banks	3,354	3,354						



4	Derivative financial instruments	856	856	
5	Loans to customers	2,874,480	2,874,480	
6	Finance lease receivables	313,542	313,542	
7	Investment securities at fair value	59,455	59,455	
8	Investment securities held to collect cash flows	797,902	786,996	
9	Investments in subsidiaries and associates	200	36,105	
10	Intangible assets	44,846	41,790	{EU CC1, r8, a)}
11	Property, plant and equipment	15,389	14,943	
12	Investment property	976	976	
13	Current income tax prepayment	224	180	
14	Deferred income tax asset	6,805	6,803	
15	Other assets	23,314	22,478	
16	Assets classified as held for sale	150	150	
17	Total assets	5,036,132	4,844,840	
	Liabilities - Breakdown by liabilit	y classes according to the	balance sheet in the publishe	ed financial statements
18	Due to other banks and financial institutions	576,629	578,276	
19	Derivative financial instruments	213	213	
20	Due to customers	3,322,711	3,322,711	
21	Special and lending funds	17,518	17,518	
22	Debt securities in issue	305,169	305,169	
22a	of which: accrued interest on issued debt securities	95,000	95,000	{EU CC1, r46, a)}
23	Current income tax liabilities	2,702	2,702	
24	Deferred income tax liabilities	6,149	6,149	
25	Liabilities related to insurance activities	189,053	-	
26	Other liabilities	60,516	55,275	
27	Liabilities related to assets classified as held for sale	-	-	
28	Total liabilities	4 480 660	4 288 013	
	Sharel	holders' Equity		
29	Share capital	192,269	192,269	{EU CC1, r1, a)}
30	Share premium	25,534	25,534	{EU CC1, r1, a)}
31	Treasury shares (-)	(900)	(900)	{EU CC1, r16, a)}
32	Reserve capital	756	756	{EU CC1, r3, a)}
33	Statutory reserve	61,027	60,904	{EU CC1, rEU-3a, a)}
34	Reserve for acquisition of own shares	20,000	20,000	{EU CC1, r3, a)}
35	Accumulated other comprehensive income	(4,368)	(4,368)	{EU CC1, r3, a)}
36	Other equity	1,480	1,404	{EU CC1, r3, a)}
37	Previous years retained earnings	216,682	218,252	{EU CC1, r2, a)}
38	Profit for the current year	42,992	42,976	
39	Total shareholders' equity	555,472	556,827	



COUNTERCYCLICAL CAPITAL BUFFERS

Template EU CCyB1 - Geographical distribution of credit exposures relevant for the calculation of the countercyclical buffer

		a	b	С	d	е	f
		General credit exposures Relevant credit exposures – Market risk		ıres – Market risk	Securitisati		
						on	
			Exposure			exposures	
		Exposure value	value	Sum of long and		Exposure	
		under the	under the	short positions of	Value of trading	value for	
		standardised	IRB	trading book	book exposures	non-trading	Total exposure
		approach	approach	exposures for SA	for internal models	book	value
010	Lithuania	2,362,184		10,798		104,027	2,477,009
011	France	5,963		0			5,963
012	Luxembourg	4,997					4,997
013	USA	4,557					4,557
014	Germany	4,046					4,046
015	Great Britain	3,087					3,087
016	Latvia	1,450		14			1,464
017	Italy	1,175					1,175
018	Czech Republic	1,039					1,039
019	The Netherlands	1,029					1,029
020	Other	1,632		551			2,184
021	Total	2 391 160		11,364		104,027	2,506,550

		g		h	i	j	k	I	m
(continued)			Own fund requirements						
					Relevant credit				
		Relev	/ant	Relevant	exposures -		Risk-		Countercy
		credit r	risk	credit	Securitisation		weighted	Own fund	clical
		exposure		exposures -	positions in the		exposure	requirements	buffer rate
		Credit r	risk	Market risk	non-trading book	Total	amounts	weights (%)	(%)
010	Lithuania	188,9	975	934	8,322	198,231	309,626	98.80%	1.00%
011	France	4	477	0		477	745	0.24%	1.00%
012	Luxembourg	4	400			400	625	0.20%	0.50%
013	USA	3	365			365	570	0.18%	0.00%
014	Germany	3	324			324	506	0.16%	0.75%
015	Great Britain	2	247			247	386	0.12%	2.00%
016	Latvia	1	116	14		130	183	0.06%	0.00%
017	Italy		94			94	147	0.05%	0.00%
018	Czech Republic		83			83	130	0.04%	1.75%
019	The Netherlands		82			83	129	0.04%	2.00%
021	Other	1	131	75		206	273	0.10%	0.00%
022	Total	191,2	293	1,024	8,322	200,639	313,319	100%	



Template EU CCyB2 - Amount of institution-specific countercyclical capital buffer

		a
010	Total risk exposure amount	2,624,728
020	Institution specific countercyclical capital buffer rate	0.9975%
030	Institution specific countercyclical capital buffer requirement	26,182

LEVERAGE RATIO

Template EU LR1 - LRSum: Summary reconciliation of accounting assets and leverage ratio exposures

		a
		Applicable amount
1	Total assets as per published financial statements	5,036,132
2	Adjustment for entities which are consolidated for accounting purposes but are outside the scope of prudential consolidation	(191,292)
3	(Adjustment for securitised exposures that meet the operational requirements for the recognition of risk transference)	
4	(Adjustment for temporary exemption of exposures to central banks (if applicable))	
5	(Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the applicable accounting framework but excluded from the total exposure measure in accordance with point (i) of Article 429a(1) CRR)	
6	Adjustment for regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets subject to trade date accounting	
7	Adjustment for eligible cash pooling transactions	
8	Adjustment for derivative financial instruments	7,494
9	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (SFTs)	(30)
10	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (ie conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	569,429
11	(Adjustment for prudent valuation adjustments and specific and general provisions which have reduced Tier 1 capital)	(81)
EU-11a	(Adjustment for exposures excluded from the total exposure measure in accordance with point (c) of Article 429a(1) CRR)	
EU-11b	(Adjustment for exposures excluded from the total exposure measure in accordance with point (j) of Article 429a(1) CRR)	
12	Other adjustments	(165,326)
13	Total exposure measure	5,256,326

Template EU LR2 - LRCom: Leverage ratio common disclosure

		CRR leverage ratio exposures	
		a	b
		30-06-2024	31-12-2023
	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs)		
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives, SFTs, but including collateral)	4,691,833	4 ,560,319
2	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided, where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the applicable accounting framework		
3	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)		
4	(Adjustment for securities received under securities financing transactions that are recognised as an asset)		
5	(General credit risk adjustments to on-balance sheet items)		
6	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	(42,078)	(26,829)



7	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs)	4,649,755	4,533,490
	Derivative exposures		
8	Replacement cost associated with SA-CCR derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)		
EU-8a	Derogation for derivatives: replacement costs contribution under the simplified standardised approach		
9	Add-on amounts for potential future exposure associated with SA-CCR derivatives transactions		
EU-9a	Derogation for derivatives: Potential future exposure contribution under the simplified standardised approach	7,494	7,244
EU-9b	Exposure determined under Original Exposure Method		
10	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures) (SA-CCR)		
EU-10a	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures) (simplified standardised approach)		
EU-10b	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures) (Original Exposure Method)		
11	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives		
12	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)		
13	Total derivatives exposures	7,494	7,244
	Securities financing transaction (SFT) exposures		
14	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjustment for sales accounting transactions	29,678	20,617
15	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	(30)	(7,643)
16	Counterparty credit risk exposure for SFT assets		
EU-16a	Derogation for SFTs: Counterparty credit risk exposure in accordance with Articles 429e(5) and 222 CRR		
17	Agent transaction exposures		
EU-17a	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared SFT exposure)		
18	Total securities financing transaction exposures	29,648	12,974
	Other off-balance sheet exposures		
19	Off-balance sheet exposures at gross notional amount	569,429	528,031
20	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)		
21	(General provisions deducted in determining Tier 1 capital and specific provisions associated with off-balance sheet exposures)		
22	Off-balance sheet exposures	569,429	528,031
	Excluded exposures		
EU-22a	(Exposures excluded from the total exposure measure in accordance with point (c) of Article 429a(1) CRR)		
EU-22b	(Exposures exempted in accordance with point (j) of Article 429a(1) CRR (on and off balance sheet))		
EU-22c	(Excluded exposures of public development banks (or units) - Public sector investments)		
EU-22d	(Excluded exposures of public development banks (or units) - Promotional loans)		
EU-22e	(Excluded passing-through promotional loan exposures by non-public development banks (or units))		
EU-22f	(Excluded guaranteed parts of exposures arising from export credits)		
EU-22g	(Excluded excess collateral deposited at triparty agents)		
EU-22h	(Excluded CSD related services of CSD/institutions in accordance with point (o) of Article 429a(1) CRR)		
EU-22i	(Excluded CSD related services of designated institutions in accordance with point (p) of Article 429a(1) CRR)		
EU-22j	(Reduction of the exposure value of pre-financing or intermediate loans)		
EU-22k	(Total exempted exposures)		
	Capital and total exposure measure		
23	Tier 1 capital	459,166	485,311
24	Total exposure measure	5,256,326	5,081,739
	Leverage ratio		
25	Leverage ratio (%)	8.74%	9.55%



	Leverage ratio (excluding the impact of the exemption of public sector investments and				
EU-25	promotional loans) (%)	8.74%	9.55%		
	Leverage ratio (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank				
25a	reserves) (%)	8.74%	9.55%		
26	Regulatory minimum leverage ratio requirement (%)	3.00%	3.00%		
EU-26a	Additional own funds requirements to address the risk of excessive leverage (%)	0.00%	0.00%		
EU-26b	of which: to be made up of CET1 capital	0.00%	0.00%		
27	Leverage ratio buffer requirement (%)	0.00%	0.00%		
EU-27a	Overall leverage ratio requirement (%)	3.00%	3.00%		
	Choice on transitional arrangements and relevant exposures				
EU-27b	Choice on transitional arrangements for the definition of the capital measure				

Template EU LR3 - LRSpl: Split-up of on balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives, SFTs and exempted exposures)

		a
		CRR leverage ratio exposures
	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives, SFTs, and	
EU-1	exempted exposures), of which:	4,691,833
EU-2	Trading book exposures	
EU-3	Banking book exposures, of which:	4,691,833
EU-4	Covered bonds	
EU-5	Exposures treated as sovereigns	1,403,710
	Exposures to regional governments, MDB, international organisations and PSE, not	
EU-6	treated as sovereigns	
EU-7	Institutions	43,194
EU-8	Secured by mortgages of immovable properties	1,924,379
EU-9	Retail exposures	744,730
EU-10	Corporates	304,804
EU-11	Exposures in default	69,438
EU-12	Other exposures (eg equity, securitisations, and other non-credit obligation assets)	201,578

DISCLOSURE OF LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS

Template EU LIQ1 - Quantitative information of LCR

Scope of consolidation (consolidated)

		Total <u>unweighted</u> value (average)			
EU 1a	Quarter ending on (30 June 2024)	30-06-2024	31-03-2024	31-12-2023	30-09-2023
EU 1b	Number of data points used in the calculation of averages	12	12	12	12
HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)				
CASH – OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	2,516,166	2,446,024	2,379,930	2,297,351
3	Stable deposits	1,079,106	1,069,257	1,074,436	1,091,394
4	Less stable deposits	723,352	720,662	731,241	732,301
5	Unsecured wholesale funding	540,595	534,219	529,494	533,040
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks				
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	540,595	534,219	529,494	533,040
8	Unsecured debt	2,516,166	2,446,024	2,379,930	2,297,351



9	Secured wholesale funding				
10	Additional requirements	357,052	366,428	377,358	389,065
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	2,576	2,805	2,607	2,752
12	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products				
13	Credit and liquidity facilities	354,476	363,623	374,750	386,313
14	Other contractual funding obligations	25,280	24,776	25,550	22,843
15	Other contingent funding obligations	166,936	174,439	166,917	154,216
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS				
CASH - INF	LOWS				
17	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	2,170	1,943	17,373	18,505
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	98,530	96,571	95,753	129,940
19	Other cash inflows	51,184	108,316	164,180	165,136
ES-19a	(Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies)				
ES-19b	(Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution)				
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	151,885	206,830	277,306	313,581
ES-20a	Fully exempt inflows				
ES-20b	Inflows subject to 90% cap				
ES-20c	Inflows subject to 75% cap	151,885	206,830	277,306	313,581
TOTAL ADJ	USTED VALUE				
21	LIQUIDITY BUFFER				
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS				
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)				

(continue	d)		Total <u>weighted</u> va	llue (average)	
EU 1a	Quarter ending on (30 June 2024)	30-06-2024	31-03-2024	31-12-2023	30-09-2023
EU 1b	Number of data points used in the calculation of averages	12	12	12	12
HIGH-QUA	LITY LIQUID ASSETS				
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	833,436	707,818	570,809	451,117
CASH – OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	214,548	195,913	187,776	178,584
3	Stable deposits	53,955	53,463	53,722	54,570
4	Less stable deposits	92,792	92,687	94,397	94,614
5	Unsecured wholesale funding	231,830	229,851	227,672	227,175
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks				
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	231,830	229,851	227,672	227,175
8	Unsecured debt				
9	Secured wholesale funding				
10	Additional requirements	34,021	35,622	36,939	38,527
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	2,576	2,805	2,607	2,752
12	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products				
13	Credit and liquidity facilities	31,445	32,817	34,332	35,775
14	Other contractual funding obligations	25,280	24,776	25,550	22,843
15	Other contingent funding obligations	8,347	8,722	8,346	7,711



16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	514,026	494,885	486,284	474,839
CASH - INF	LOWS				
17	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	2,170	1,913	3,167	4,298
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	62,636	61,018	60,924	96,872
19	Other cash inflows	51,184	108,316	164,180	165,136
ES-19a	(Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies)				
ES-19b	(Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution)				
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	115,991	171,247	228,271	266,306
ES-20a	Fully exempt inflows				
ES-20b	Inflows subject to 90% cap				
ES-20c	Inflows subject to 75% cap	115,991	171,247	228,271	266,306
TOTAL ADJ	USTED VALUE				
21	LIQUIDITY BUFFER	833,436	707,818	570,809	451,117
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS	398,035	323,638	258,013	208,532
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)	217.87%	228.81%	236.08%	227.72%

Table EU LIQB on qualitative information on LCR, which complements template EU LIQ1

The main factors influencing the Group's LCR are changes in the liquidity buffer, which is largely made up of highly liquid government securities and funds held with the central bank, and cash outflows, primarily related to unsecured wholesale funding.

The Financial Group uses Retail deposits as the main source of financing. More detailed information on the concentration of funding sources in note 4 to Interim financial report Šiaulių bankas AB and the bank's Group for the first half of the year 2024.

Liquidity buffer is formed of high-quality assets that can easily be converted into cash without any restrictions and with minimal losses. Due to that fact the Financial Group possesses a significant debt securities portfolio, which is highly liquid.

The Group has insignificant derivative positions consisting of forward foreign exchange contracts and derivatives linked to the prices of financial instruments. Their share of total assets is 0.33%.

The Financial Group's 100% of assets are accounted for in euro and 98 % of liabilities. Therefore it not gives rise to an inherent risk of currency mismatch in the LCR.

Template EU LIQ2: Net Stable Funding Ratio

Scope	of consolidation consolidated	U	nweighted value t	oy residual maturit	ty	Weighted
Quarter	ending on 30 June 2024	No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to <	≥ 1yr	value
Availabl	e stable funding (ASF) Items					
1	Capital items and instruments	459,166				525,112
2	Own funds	459,166			65,946	525,112
3	Other capital instruments					
4	Retail deposits		2,006,580	444,162	173,385	2,463,416
5	Stable deposits		1,363,303	323,954	141,920	1,744,814
6	Less stable deposits		643,277	120,208	31,465	718,602
7	Wholesale funding:		1,179,609	55,076	20,043	363,532



34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					134.90%
33	Total RSF	,				2,599,378
32	Off-balance sheet items		76,584	75,982	206,964	18,098
31	All other assets not included in the above categories		14,527	346	72,447	79,884
30	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted				856	43
29	NSFR derivative assets					
28	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs					
27	Physical traded commodities					
26	Other assets:		14,527	346	72,447	79,926
25	Interdependent assets					
24	Other loans and securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange- traded equities and trade finance on-balance sheet products		16,304	10,249	80,061	57,824
23	with a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk		10	60	757,316	492,290
22	Performing residential mortgages, of which: With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%		91	197	849,916	571,109
21	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk					
20	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, and PSEs, of which:		160,862	169,646	1,975,015	1,844,017
19	Performing securities financing transactions with financial customer collateralised by other assets and loans and advances to financial institutions		18,706	18,745	1,834	12,946
18	Performing securities financing transactions with financial customers collateralised by Level 1 HQLA subject to 0% haircut				,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
17	Performing loans and securities:		195,963	198,837	2,906,826	2,485,896
15a 16	year or more in a cover pool Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes					
EU-	Assets encumbered for a residual maturity of one					
15	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					15,458
Required	d stable funding (RSF) Items					
14	Total available stable funding (ASF)					3,506,663
13	All other liabilities and capital instruments not included in the above categories	213	280,936	10,240	149,484	154,604
12	NSFR derivative liabilities	213	200,000	10,2-10	170,707	104,004
11	Other liabilities:	213	280,936	10,240	149,484	154,604
10	Interdependent liabilities		1,113,003	55,070	20,043	303,332
9	Operational deposits Other wholesale funding		1,179,609	55,076	20,043	363,532



Scope	of consolidation consolidated	U	Inweighted value b	y residual maturit	у	Weighted
	ending on 31 March 2024	No moturity	< 6 months	6 months to <	> 1.00	value
		No maturity	< 6 monus	1yr	≥ 1yr	
Available	e stable funding (ASF) Items					
1	Capital items and instruments	465,393				528,276
2	Own funds	465,393			62,883	528,276
3	Other capital instruments					
4	Retail deposits		2,034,128	326,938	167,598	2,373,046
5	Stable deposits		1,363,149	246,625	140,258	1,669,543
6	Less stable deposits		670,979	80,313	27,340	703,503
7	Wholesale funding:		1,116,021	89,488	31,803	365,811
8	Operational deposits					•
9	Other wholesale funding		1,116,021	89,488	31,803	365,811
10	Interdependent liabilities					
11	Other liabilities:	167	123,631	214,774	103,588	210,975
12	NSFR derivative liabilities	167				
12	All other liabilities and capital instruments not	107				
13	included in the above categories		123,631	214,774	103,588	210,975
14	Total available stable funding (ASF)					3,478,108
Required	d stable funding (RSF) Items					
15	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					20,065
EU-	Assets encumbered for a residual maturity of one					-,
15a	year or more in a cover pool					
10	Deposits held at other financial institutions for					
16 17	operational purposes Performing loans and securities:		186,191	197,145	2,783,746	2,381,947
17	Performing securities financing transactions with		100,101	107,140	2,7 00,7 40	2,001,047
	financial customers collateralised by Level 1 HQLA					
18	subject to 0% haircut					
	Performing securities financing transactions with financial customer collateralised by other assets					
19	and loans and advances to financial institutions		20,726	18,493	1,290	12,609
	Performing loans to non- financial corporate					
	clients, loans to retail and small business					
20	customers, and loans to sovereigns, and PSEs, of which:		152,805	160,822	1,897,547	1,769,728
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%		,		1,001,011	.,,
	under the Basel II Standardised Approach for					
21	credit risk					
22	Performing residential mortgages, of which:		101	157	803,825	540,184
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for					
23	credit risk		20	24	715,983	465,411
	Other loans and securities that are not in default					
	and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange- traded equities and trade finance on-balance sheet					
24	products		12,559	17,673	81,084	59,426
25	Interdependent assets					
26	Other assets:		8,060	779	78,886	83,339
27	Physical traded commodities					
	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative					
00	contracts and contributions to default funds of					
28	CCPs					
29	NSFR derivative assets					
30	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted				660	33
30	All other assets not included in the above					
31	categories		8,060	779	78,886	83,306

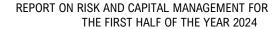


32	Off-balance sheet items	63,339	88,497	203,227	17,872
33	Total RSF				2,503,222
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)				138.95%

CREDIT RISK AND CREDIT QUALITY

Template EU CR1: Performing and non-performing exposures and related provisions

		a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h
					Gross car	rying amoun	t/nominal am	ount	
		Perf	orming exposur	es			Non-	performing exp	osures
			Of which stage 1	Of which stage 2	of which: purchased or originated credit- impaired financial assets		Of which stage 2	Of which stage 3	of which: purchased or originated credit- impaired financial assets
005	Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits	593,920	593,920						
010	Loans and advances	3,160,801	2,950,966	208,469	1,366	92,074		91,950	124
020	Central banks								
030	General governments	54,886	52,529	2,357		94		94	
040	Credit institutions	5,257	5,257						
050	Other financial corporations	137,682	135,869	1,813		5		5	
060	Non-financial corporations	1,621,948	1,479,628	141,020	1,300	61,009		60,901	108
070	Of which SMEs	1,457,611	1,316,393	139,918	1,300	38,969		38,861	108
080	Households	1,341,028	1,277,683	63,279	66	30,966		30,950	16
090	Debt securities	843,644	842,703	941					
100	Central banks								
110	General governments	776,683	776,683						
120	Credit institutions	2,357	2,357						
130	Other financial corporations	22,879	21,938	941					
140	Non-financial corporations	41,725	41,725						
150	Off-balance-sheet exposures	617,293	593,111	24,182		1,256		1,256	
160	Central banks								
170	General governments	3,077	3,077						
180	Credit institutions	5,141	5,141						
190	Other financial corporations	48,564	48,564						
200	Non-financial corporations	476,418	455,359	21,059		1,213		1,213	
210	Households	84,093	80,970	3,123		43		43	
220	Total	5,215,658	4,980,700	233,592	1,366	93,330		93,206	124





		i	j	k	I	m	n	0	р	q	r	s
	/ (° N		•	Accumu		nent, accumul e to credit ris				<u> </u>	Collateral ar guarantees	
	(continued)	Performing exposures – accumulated impairment and provisions				Non-performing exposures – accumulated impairment, accumulated negative changes in fair value due to credit risk and provisions				Accum ulated partial write- off	On performing exposures	On non- performing exposures
			Of which stage 1	Of which stage 2	of which: purchase d or originate d credit- impaired financial assets		Of which stage 2	Of which stage 3	of which: purchase d or originate d credit- impaired financial assets			
	Cash balances at											
	central banks and											
005	other demand deposits	(34)	(34)									
000	Loans and	(01)	(01)									
010	advances	(33,729)	(26,954)	(6,766)	(9)	(20,802)	(1)	(20,691)	(110)		2,420,489	61,075
020	Central banks											
000	General ,	(00)	(0.7)	(0)		(4)		(4)			0.500	70
030	governments	(96)	(87)	(9)		(1)		(1)			9,582	73
040	Credit institutions Other financial											
050	corporations	(1,556)	(1,424)	(132)		(5)		(5)			84,502	-
	Non-financial											
060	corporations	(17,233)	(15,889)	(1,335)	(9)	(11,347)	(1)	(11,254)	(92)		1,423,916	46,929
070	Of which SMEs	(15,674)	(14,352)	(1,313)	(9)	(9,012)	(1)	(8,919)	(92)		1,287,626	27,376
080	Households	(14,844)	(9,554)	(5,290)		(9,449)		(9,431)	(18)		902,489	14,073
090	Debt securities	(121)	(52)	(69)								
100	Central banks											
	General											
110	governments	(6)	(6)									
120	Credit institutions	(3)	(3)									
	Other financial	(0 ()		/ 22\								
130	corporations	(81)	(12)	(69)								
140	Non-financial corporations	(31)	(31)									
7-10	Off-balance-sheet	(01)	(01)									
150	exposures	115	115									
160	Central banks											
170	General governments											
180	Credit institutions											
190	Other financial corporations											
200	Non-financial corporations	115	115									
210	Households											
220	Total	(33,769)	(26,925)	(6,835)	(9)	(20,802)	(1)	(20,691)	(110)		2,420,489	61,075
220	IUlai	(33,709)	(20,925)	(0,033)	(9)	(20,002)	(1)	(20,091)	(110)		2,420,409	01,075



Template EU CR1-A: Maturity of exposures

-	•						
		а	b	С	d	е	f
				Net expos	ure value		
				> 1 year <=		No stated	No stated
_		On demand	<= 1 year	5 years	> 5 years	maturity	maturity
1	Loans and advances	593,886	287,513	1,543,582	1,349,184	18,065	3,792,230
2	Debt securities		117,441	713,796	12,286		843,523
3	Total	593,886	404,954	2,257,378	1,361,470	18,065	4,635,753

Template EU CR2: Changes in the stock of non-performing loans and advances

		a
		Gross carrying amount
010	Initial stock of non-performing loans and advances	85,355
020	Inflows to non-performing portfolios	28,041
030	Outflows from non-performing portfolios	(21,322)
040	Outflows due to write-offs	(367)
050	Outflow due to other situations	(20,955)
060	Final stock of non-performing loans and advances	92,074

Template EU CR2a: Changes in the stock of non-performing loans and advances and related net accumulated recoveries

		a	b
		Gross carrying amount	Related net accumulated recoveries
010	Initial stock of non-performing loans and advances	28,041	
020	Inflows to non-performing portfolios	(21,322)	
030	Outflows from non-performing portfolios	(11,260)	
040	Outflow to performing portfolio	(7,107)	
050	Outflow due to loan repayment, partial or total	(1,199)	1,199
060	Outflow due to collateral liquidations	(1)	1
070	Outflow due to taking possession of collateral	(1 364)	1,364
080	Outflow due to sale of instruments		
090	Outflow due to risk transfers	(367)	
100	Outflows due to write-offs	(24)	
110	Outflow due to other situations		
120	Outflow due to reclassification as held for sale	92,074	
130	Final stock of non-performing loans and advances	28,041	



Template EU CQ1: Credit quality of forborne exposures

		a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	
		Gross carrying w		ninal amount nce measures		accumul changes in fai	d impairment, lated negative r value due to nd provisions	Collateral received and financial guarantees received on forborne exposures		
		Performing forborne	Non-performing forborne			On performing forborne exposures	On performing forborne exposures		Of which collateral and financial guarantees received on non-performing exposures with forbearanc e measures	
				Of which defaulted	Of which impaired					
005	Cash balances at central banks and other demand deposits									
010	Loans and advances	57,002	45,366	45,366	45,366	(329)	(9,241)	87,769	32,608	
020	Central banks									
030	General governments									
040	Credit institutions									
050	Other financial corporations									
060	Non-financial corporations	54,918	39,492	39,492	39,492	(313)	(6,591)	85,341	31,120	
070	Households	2,084	5,874	5,874	5,874	(16)	(2,650)	2,428	1,488	
080	Debt Securities									
090	Loan commitments given	2,147	532							
100	Total	59,149	45,898	45,366	45,366	(329)	(9,241)	87,769	32 608	

Template EU CQ2: Quality of forbearance

	a Gross carrying amount of forborne exposures
Loans and advances that have been forborne more than twice	615
Non-performing forborne loans and advances that failed to meet the non-performing exit criteria	18,587



Template EU CQ4: Quality of non-performing exposures by geography

		а	b	С	d	е	f	g
			Gross carryir	ng/nominal amoun	t		Provisions on off-	Accumulated negative changes
			Of which n	on-performing	26	Accumulated	balance-sheet commitments	in fair value due
				Of which defaulted	Of which subject to impairment	impairment	and financial guarantees given	to credit risk on non-performing exposures
010	On-balance-sheet exposures	4,096,519	92,074	92,074	4,088,595	(54,652)		
020	Lithuania	3,939,627	92,072	92,072	3,933,811	(54,610)		
030	Latvia	80,188			80,188	(6)		
040	Other countries	76,704	2	2	74,596	(36)		
050	Off-balance-sheet exposures	618,549	1,256	1,256			115	
060	Lithuania	613,269	1,256	1,256			115	
070	Other countries	5,280						
080	Total	4,715,068	93,330	93,330	4,088,595	(54,652)	115	

Template EU CQ5: Credit quality of loans and advances to non-financial corporations by industry

		a	b	С	d	е	f
			Gross car	rying amount			Accumulated negative
			The state of the s		Of which loans and advances subject to impairment	Accumulated impairment	changes in fair value due to credit risk on non-performing exposures
				Of which defaulted			
010	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	53,881	741	741	53,881	(462)	
020	Mining and quarrying	9,883	40	40	9,883	(39)	
030	Manufacturing	204,686	23,452	23,452	204,686	(3,452)	
040	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	71,161	5,501	5,501	71,161	(3,058)	
050	Water supply	32,004	1,077	1,077	32,004	(264)	
060	Construction	171,160	4,224	4,224	171,160	(4,132)	
070	Wholesale and retail trade	173,399	3,948	3,948	173,399	(1,795)	
080	Transport and storage	102,439	2,971	2,971	102,439	(1,514)	
090	Accommodation and food service activities	53,560	43	43	53,560	(236)	
100	Information and communication	11,431	32	32	11,431	(71)	
110	Financial and insurance activities	119	21	21	119	(23)	
120	Real estate activities	505,280	14,240	14,240	505,280	(7,049)	
130	Professional, scientific and technical activities	58,733	1,239	1,239	58,733	(1,745)	
140	Administrative and support service activities	173,399	1,844	1,844	173,399	(3,429)	
150	Public administration and defence, compulsory social security						
160	Education	2,731	17	17	2,731	(11)	
170	Human health services and social work activities	44,717	1,491	1,491	44,717	(375)	
180	Arts, entertainment and recreation	9,373			9,373	(37)	



190	Other services	5,001	128	128	5,001	(888)	
200	Total	1,682,957	61,009	61,009	1,682,957	(28,580)	

Template EU CQ6: Collateral valuation - loans and advances

		a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I
		Loans and ad	vances										
			Performing		Non-perfor	ming							
						Unlikely to	Past due >	90 days		I			
				Of which past due > 30 days ≤ 90 days		pay that are not past due or are past due ≤ 90 days		Of which past due > 90 days ≤ 180 days	Of which: past due > 180 days ≤ 1 year	Of which: past due > 1 years ≤ 2 years	Of which: past due > 2 years ≤ 5 years	Of which: past due > 5 years ≤ 7 years	Of which: past due > 7 years
010	Gross carrying amount	3,252,875	3,160,801	23,005	92,074	39,054	53,020	23,427	16,144	6,709	3,561	789	2,390
020	Of which secured	2,496,908	2,414,948	18,677	81,960	34,646	52,864	20,762	14,703	6,035	3,449	777	1,588
030	Of which secured with immovable property	2,198,339	2,133,161	7,775	65,178	29,181	35,996	18,137	11,911	2,100	2,211	534	1,103
040	Of which instruments with LTV higher than 60% and lower or equal to 80%	383,724	375,906		7,818	4,077	3,741						
050	Of which instruments with LTV higher than 80% and lower or equal to 100%	178,471	175,096		3,375	2,262	1,112						
060	Of which instruments with LTV higher than 100%	27,019	26,938		81	81	1,112						
070	Accumulated impairment for secured assets	(35,171)	(18,726)	(1,704)	(16,445)	(6,982)	(9,463)	(1,006)	(2,473)	(1,088)	(1,911)	(692)	(2,293)
080	Collateral												
090	Of which value capped at the value of exposure	2,336,391	2,281,553	9,426	54,838	23,316	31,522	17,689	9,724	3,309	624	80	96
100	Of which immovable property	1,953,706	1,905,056	7,035	48,650	20,697	27,953	16,933	9,082	1,467	377	14	80
110	Of which value above the cap	7,635,452	7,101,681	13,943	533,771	235,742	298,029						
120	Of which immovable property	3,674,128	3,448,727	9,501	225,401	101,075	124,326						
130	Financial guarantees received	145,173	138,936	6,412	6,237	1,371	4,866	1,246	1,603	1,536	476	3	2
140	Accumulated partial write-off		·			-							



Template EU CQ7: Collateral obtained by taking possession and execution processes

		a	b
		Collateral obtained l	by taking possession
		Value at initial recognition	Accumulated negative changes
010	Accumulated negative changes		
020	Other than PP&E	125	
030	Residential immovable property		
040	Commercial Immovable property		
050	Movable property (auto, shipping, etc.)	125	
060	Equity and debt instruments		
070	Other collateral		
080	Total	125	

Template EU CQ8: Collateral obtained by taking possession and execution processes – vintage breakdown

	breakdow	1											
		a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I
				Total collater	al obtained by t	aking possessi	on						
			balance uction			Foreclose	Foreclosed ≤ 2 years		Foreclosed > 2 years ≤ 5 years		Foreclosed > 5 years		h non- sets held- sale
		Gross carrying amount	Accumulat ed negative changes	Value at initial recogniti on	Accumulat ed negative changes	Value at initial recogniti on	Accumulat ed negative changes	Value at initial recognitio n	Accumul ated negative changes	Value at initial recognitio n	Accumul ated negative changes	Value at initial recogniti on	Accumu lated negativ e changes
010	Collateral obtained by taking possession classified as PP&E												
020	Collateral obtained by taking possession other than that classified as PP&E	129		129		129							
030	Residential immovable property												
040	Commercial immovable property												
050	Movable property (auto, shipping, etc.)	129		129		129							
060	Equity and debt instruments												
070	Other collateral												
080	Total	129		129		129							



INFORMATION ON CREDIT RISK MITIGATION MEASURES

Template EU CR3 - CRM techniques overview: Disclosure of the use of credit risk mitigation techniques

		Unsecured carrying amount	Secured carry	ing amount Of which secured by collateral	Of which secured guarantees	by financial Of which secured by credit derivatives
		a	b	С	d	е
1	Loans and advances	1,310,666	2,481,564	2,336,391	145,173	
2	Debt securities	843,523				
3	Total	2,154,189	2,481,564	2,336,391	145,173	
4	Of which non-performing exposures	10,197	61,075	54,838	6,237	
EU-5	Of which defaulted	10,197	61,075			

DISCLOSURE OF THE USE OF THE STANDARDISED APPROACH

Template EU CR4 – standardised approach – Credit risk exposure and CRM effects

		Exposures before CR		Exposures pos CR		RWAs and R	WAs density
	Exposure classes	On-balance- sheet exposures	Off-balance- sheet exposures	On-balance- sheet exposures	Off-balance- sheet exposures	RWAs	RWAs density (%)
		а	b	С	d	е	f
1	Central governments or central banks	1,355,569		1,355,569		3,320	0.24%
2	Regional government or local authorities	44,489	1,662	44,489	831	29	0.06%
3	Public sector entities	2,854	1,085	26,056	373	2,616	9.90%
4	Multilateral development banks	798		798			0.00%
5	International organisations						
6	Institutions	46,068	5,141	43,194	4,132	16,151	34.13%
7	Corporates	311,619	143,345	294,210	65,932	307,834	85.48%
8	Retail	744,916	182,664	742,782	89,107	597,834	71.86%
9	Secured by mortgages on immovable property	1,831,523	175,458	1,824,497	74,074	849,952	44.77%
10	Exposures in default	69,438	1,320	66,953	650	72,475	107.21%
11	Exposures associated with particularly high risk	92,856	58,754	91,707	28,908	180,922	150.00%
12	Covered bonds						
13	Institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment						
14	Collective investment undertakings	29,422		3,045		28,035	920.67%
15	Equity	36,860		36,860		90,718	246.11%



16	Other items	128,644		127,754		53,653	42.00%
17	Total	4,695,056	569,429	4,657,914	264,006	2,203,539	44.77%

Template EU CR5 – standardised approach

						Risk weight				
	Exposure classes	0%	2%	4%	10%	20%	35%	50%	70%	75%
		a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i
1	Central governments or central banks	1,345,208				6, 201		4,160		
2	Regional government or local authorities	45,263						57		
3	Public sector entities	23,202						1,222		
4	Multilateral development banks	798								
5	International organisations									
6	Institutions					25,645		21,318		
7	Corporates							13,705		
8	Retail									831,889
9	Secured by mortgages on immovable property						762,432	876,970		
10	Exposures in default									
11	Exposures associated with particularly high risk									
12	Covered bonds									
13	Institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment									
14	Collective investment undertakings									
15	Equity									
16	Other items	74,101								
17	Total	1,488,572				31,846	762 432	917,432		831,889

(continued)

Ì				Risk weigh	ht			Total	Of which unrated
	Exposure classes	100%	150%	250%	370%	1250%	Others		
		j	k	I	m	n	0	р	q
1	Central governments or central banks							1,355,569	578,891
2	Regional government or local authorities							45,320	45,320
3	Public sector entities	2,005						26,429	24,424
4	Multilateral development banks							798	
5	International organisations								
6	Institutions	363						47,326	5,119
7	Corporates	346,437						360,142	320,453
8	Retail							831,889	831,889
9	Secured by mortgages on immovable property	259,169						1,898,571	1,898,571
10	Exposures in default	57,858	9,745					67,603	67,603
11	Exposures associated with particularly high risk		120,615					120,615	120,615
12	Covered bonds								



13	Institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment						
14	Collective investment undertakings	872			2,173	3,045	3,045
15	Equity	955		35,905		36,860	36,860
16	Other items	53,653				127,754	127,754
17	Total	721,312	130,360	35,905	2,173	4,921,920	4,060,543

COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

Template EU CCR1 – Analysis of CCR exposure by approach

			I.			_		-	ı.
		а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h
		Replacement cost (RC)	Potential future exposure (PFE)	EEPE	Alpha used for computing regulatory exposure value	Exposure value pre- CRM	Exposure value post- CRM	Exposure value	RWEA
EU-1	EU - Original Exposure Method (for derivatives)				1.4				
EU-2	EU - Simplified SA-CCR (for derivatives)	855	4,497		1.4	7,494	7,494	7,494	5,195
1	SA-CCR (for derivatives)				1.4				
2	IMM (for derivatives and SFTs)								
2a	Of which securities financing transactions netting sets								
2b	Of which derivatives and long settlement transactions netting sets								
2c	Of which from contractual cross- product netting sets								
3	Financial collateral simple method (for SFTs)					29,678	29,648	29,648	18,760
4	Financial collateral comprehensive method (for SFTs)								
5	VaR for SFTs								
6	Total					37,172	37,142	37,142	23,955

Template EU CCR2 – Transactions subject to own funds requirements for CVA risk

		a	b
		Exposure value	RWEA
1	Total transactions subject to the Advanced method		
2	i) VaR component (including the 3× multiplier)		
3	ii) stressed VaR component (including the 3× multiplier)		
4	Transactions subject to the Standardised method	262	63
EU-4	Transactions subject to the Alternative approach (Based on the Original Exposure Method)		
5	Total transactions subject to own funds requirements for CVA risk	262	63



Template EU CCR3 – Standardised approach – CCR exposures by regulatory exposure class and risk weights

							Risk wei	ght					
		а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	ı
	Exposure classes	0%	2%	4%	10%	20%	50%	70%	75%	100%	150%	Others	Total exposure value
1	Central governments or central banks												
2	Regional government or local authorities												
3	Public sector entities												
4	Multilateral development banks												
5	International organisations												
6	Institutions					2,716	158						2,874
7	Corporates									6,815			6 815
8	Retail								186				186
9	Institutions and corporates with a short- term credit assessment												
10	Other items				11,750					15,517			27,267
11	Total exposure value				11,750	2,716	158		186	22,332			37,142

Template EU CCR5 – Composition of collateral for CCR exposures

		a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h		
		Co	llateral used in de	erivative transa	ctions		Collateral used in SFTs				
	Collateral type	Fair value of collateral received		Fair value of posted collateral		Fair value of collateral received		Fair value of posted collateral			
		Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated		
1	Cash – domestic currency										
2	Cash – other currencies										
3	Domestic sovereign debt										
4	Other sovereign debt										
5	Government agency debt										
6	Corporate bonds	15,585									
7	Equity securities	65,576									
8	Other collateral										
9	Total	81,161									

Šiaulių bankas AB has no credit derivatives and no positions in the main counterparties.

SECURITISATION

Template EU-SEC1 - Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book

	•			<u> </u>						
		а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h - k	l - o
				Inst	itution acts as ori	iginator			Institution	Institution
			Traditional Synthetic							acts as investor
			STS	No	n-STS					
			of which		of which		of which	Sub-total		
			SRT		SRT		SRT			
1	Total exposures			68,144	68,144	50,723	50,723	118,867		
2	Retail (total)			60,144	60,144	50,723	50,723	118,867		



3	residential mortgage							
4	credit card							
5	other retail exposures		60,144	60,144	50,723	50,723	118,867	
6	re-securitisation							
7	Wholesale (total)							
8	loans to corporates							
9	commercial mortgage							
10	lease and receivables							
11	other wholesale							
12	re-securitisation							

Template EU-SEC2 - Securitisation exposures in the trading book Not relevant

Template EU-SEC3 - Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book and associated regulatory capital requirements - institution acting as originator or as sponsor

	- 1	<u> </u>	J		•					
		а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i
		E	xposure val	ues (by RW	bands/deduc	tions)	Exp	osure values (l	oy regulatory	y approach)
		≤ 20 % RW	> 20 – 50% RW	> 50– 100% RW	> 100– 1 250 % RW	1250% RW/ deductions	SEC- IRBA	SEC-ERBA (including IAA)	SEC-SA	1250% RW / deductions
1	Total exposures		44,508	31,253	43,106				118,867	
2	Traditional) transactions			31,253	36,891				68,144	
3	Securitisation			31,253	36,891				68,144	
4	Retail			31,253	36,891				68,144	
5	Of which STS									
6	Wholesale									
7	Of which STS									
8	Re-securitisation									
9	Synthetic transactions		44,508		6,215				50,723	
10	Securitisation		44,508		6,215				50,723	
11	Retail underlying		44,508		6,215				50,723	
12	Wholesale									
13	Re-securitisation									

		j	k	I	m	n	0	EU-p	EU-q
	(continued)		WEA (by regu	latory appro	ach)		Capital charg	je after cap	
		SEC- IRBA	SEC- ERBA (including IAA)	SEC-SA	1 250 % RW	SEC-IRBA	SEC- ERBA (including IAA)	SEC-SA	1 250 % RW
1	Total exposures			104,027				8,322	
2	Traditional) transactions			71,133				5,691	
3	Securitisation			71,133				5,691	
4	Retail			71,133				5,691	
5	Of which STS								
6	Wholesale								
7	Of which STS								
8	Re-securitisation								
9	Synthetic transactions			32,894				2,631	



10	Securitisation	32,894	2,631	
11	Retail underlying	32,894	2,631	
12	Wholesale			
13	Re-securitisation			

Template EU-SEC4 - Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book and associated regulatory capital requirements - institution acting as investor

Not relevant

Template EU-SEC5 - Exposures securitised by the institution - Exposures in default and specific credit risk adjustments

,	Stillollto			
		a	b	С
		Exposures se	=	- Institution acts as originator or as
			sponso	
				Total amount of specific credit risk adjustments made during the
		Total outstan	ding nominal amount	period
			Of which exposures in	
			default	
1	Total exposures	346,702	3,382	0
2	Retail (total)	346,702	3,382	0
3	residential mortgage			
4	credit card			
5	other retail exposures	346,702	3,382	0
6	re-securitisation			
7	Wholesale (total)			
8	loans to corporates			
9	commercial mortgage			
10	lease and receivables			
11	other wholesale			
12	re-securitisation			

MARKET RISK

Template EU MR1 - Market risk under the standardised approach

		a
		RWEAs
	Outright products	
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	18,901
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	250
3	Foreign exchange risk	
4	Commodity risk	
	Options	
5	Simplified approach	
6	Delta-plus approach	
7	Scenario approach	



	Securitisation (specific risk)	8
19,151	Total	9

DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST RATE RISK FOR POSITIONS NOT INCLUDED IN THE TRADING BOOK

Table EU IRRBBA - Qualitative information on interest rate risks of non-trading book activities

Bank identifies the following sources of interest rate risk: GAP (repricing) risk; option risk, basis risk. Bank calculate changes in net interest income (over 1 year period) and changes in economic value of equity. Bank manages IRRBB risk using asset and liability management – debt securities portfolio formation principles and deposit pricing according to its term.

Bank is calculating net interest income and economic value of equity measures on the monthly basis.

Bank measures changes in earnings using 200 bp up/down interest rate scenario. The impact of interest rates shocks on EVE is assessed based on scenarios 1-6 set out in annex III in guidelines EBA/GL/2018/02.

Stress testing baseline scenario is build using interest rate 10-year period historical data and market interest rate forecast for the upcoming year. Adverse scenarios are calculated from interest rate historical data covering the 2008 financial crisis.

IRRBB hedging is not applicable. Cash flows are modelled according to their repricing or maturity dates which are either contractually fixed or based on behavioural (prepayments for fixed interest rate loans, core part for non-maturing deposits. term deposit early termination) assumptions. Cash flows are modelled dependent on interest rate scenarios and including behaviour and automatic optionality. Euribor forward rates are used for cash flow repricing in the future. In EVE calculation embedded option valuation is included.

EVE and NII measures are significant, because Bank has defined IRRBB risk appetite and set risk limits (EVE and NII) based on risk appetite.

There is a variation in NII, because NII methodology was adjusted due to technical calculation capabilities. Average repricing maturity for retail non-maturity deposits 0,86 years and 0,49 years for wholesale non-financial non-maturity deposits; Longest repricing maturity of non-maturity deposits 2 years.

Template EU IRRBB1 - Interest rate risks of non-trading book activities

		a	b	С	d	
Supervisory shock scenarios		Changes of the econor	mic value of equity	Changes of the net interest income		
		Current period	Last period	Current period	Last period	
1	Parallel up	(18,564)	(11,334)	34,855	31,866	
2	Parallel down	22,218	19,512	(34,861)	(31,867)	
3	Steepener	122	(5,404)			
4	Flattener	(3,876)	3,009			
5	Short rates up	(7,963)	591			
6	Short rates down	8,125	(237)			



MREL

EU KM2: Key metrics - MREL and, where applicable, G-SII requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities

		a	b	С	d	е	f
		Minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL)	G-SII Requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (TLAC)				
		Т	T	T-1	T-2	T-3	T-4
Own fund	s and eligible liabilities, ratios and components						
1	Own funds and eligible liabilities	766,915					
EU-1a	Of which own funds and subordinated liabilities	555,141					
2	Total risk exposure amount of the resolution group (TREA)	2,624,727					
3	Own funds and eligible liabilities as a percentage of the TREA	0.2922					
EU-3a	Of which own funds and subordinated liabilities	0.2115					
4	Total exposure measure (TEM) of the resolution group	5,264,328					
5	Own funds and eligible liabilities as percentage of the TEM	0.1457					
EU-5a	Of which own funds or subordinated liabilities	0.1055					
6a	Does the subordination exemption in Article 72b(4) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 apply? (5 % exemption)						
6b	Aggregate amount of permitted non-subordinated eligible liabilities instruments if the subordination discretion in accordance with Article 72b(3) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 is applied (max 3,5 % exemption)						
6c	If a capped subordination exemption applies in accordance with Article 72b (3) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, the amount of funding issued that ranks <i>pari passu</i> with excluded liabilities and that is recognised under row 1, divided by funding issued that ranks <i>pari passu</i> with excluded liabilities and that would be recognised under row 1 if no cap was applied (%)						
Minimum	requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MR	EL)					
EU-7	MREL expressed as a percentage of the TREA	0.2267					
EU-8	Of which to be met with own funds or subordinated liabilities	0.1350					
EU-9	MREL expressed as a percentage of the TEM	0.0709					
EU-10	Of which to be met with own funds or subordinated liabilities	0.0595					



DISCLOSURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE RISKS (ESG RISKS)

Qualitative information on Environmental risk, on Social risk and on Governance risk

BUSINESS STRATEGY AND PROCESSES

At the beginning of 2024 Šiaulių bankas has released new long-term (2024 - 2029) strategy that incorporates ESG topic as one of the strategic priorities. ESG priorities areas are: direct and indirect impacts on the environment; service access improvement; engaged employees; transparency and responsibility; reliable services.

In January 2024, the Bank joined the international Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) to actively contribute to the goal of mitigating climate change, committing itself to becoming a climate-neutral bank by 2050 and to setting near-term targets aligned with the 2050 trajectory. By joining this initiative, the Bank commits itself to setting targets and measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and to align them with the SBTi standard within the next two years. The Bank will also seek to set other relevant sustainability targets in the environmental, social and governance areas.

The Bank's initiatives launched for products oriented towards sustainability in 2022 were continued 2023 as well. Bank's products aim to increase the supply of financial services that promote sustainability, such as green mortgage loans, special terms for leasing electric cars, and projects to improve business sustainability.

Following a more detailed assessment of the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council (hereinafter, the Taxonomy Regulation), the definition of a Green Mortgage Loan has been expanded, which has led to a broader provision of such loans. The existing portfolio of mortgage loans has also been analysed and a further EUR 24.5 million has been recognised as sustainable loans in 2023, representing previously granted mortgage loans that meet the requirements for Green Mortgage Loans. The creation and development of the Green Mortgage Loan allows us to offer clients more environmentally friendly housing on more favourable terms. In 2023, the Bank granted 68 new green mortgage loans for EUR 9.74 million, in the meantime during the first half of 2024, the Bank granted 43 new green housing loans for EUR 6.75 million.

For the financial year 2023, the Bank provides information on the share of taxonomy-eligible and taxonomy aligned assets in the Bank's total assets in the appendices of Šiaulių Bankas Social Responsibility report for 2023.

Šiaulių Bankas is the main financing partner for multi-apartment building modernisation projects in the country. Over the period 2011–2023, the Bank has financed multi-apartment building renovation projects worth EUR 1 billion. In 2024, the Bank will continue to focus on financing other projects that improve business sustainability, such as:

- · Renewable energy
- · Energy efficiency improvement projects
- · Waste management projects
- · Emission reduction projects
- Sustainable forestry projects
- Water and wastewater management projects

Šiaulių Bankas pays great attention to commitments related to environmental requirements, social responsibility, occupational safety and health, business ethics and governance in their business activities, continuously improve



their operations, set higher standards, and, therefore, expect that customers and suppliers, which they cooperate with, would adhere to the same or similar obligations and/or standards.

Clients. In order to evaluate the possible client risk changes better, regarding the ESG risk (including increased climate and environmental risks), and also to comply with the regulatory requirements, the Bank incorporated the ESG risk assessment in the credit process for lending to business clients:

- The Bank provides an ESG risk questionnaire for its business clients to identify the level of ESG risk inherent in clients activities and to encourage clients to apply ESG risk mitigation measures in their operations. The ESG questionnaire covers all three elements: environmental, social and governance risks.
- Also, the Bank, together with the clients' annual financial statements, collects the clients CO2 emissions (GHG) data.
- The ESG risk assessment of clients is used in the credit risk assessment (rating) process for corporate clients as well as in the risk monitoring process for clients.
- Clients' ESG risk assessment affects their credit risk rating and pricing. The social and business client management elements are integrated into the rating system of business clients.
- Internal documents ensure adequate risk management and internal controls ensure the implementation of the principles.

During the first half of 2024 the client ESG risk assessment process and methodology was updated according to the Climate-related and environmental (C&E) risk materiality assessment and business environment scan which was done in 2024.

Suppliers. The Supplier Code of Ethics approved by the Bank's Management Board reflects the Bank's ambition to strengthen sustainable cooperation with Suppliers by promoting professional, fair and legitimate business practices, including environmental, social responsibility and business ethics and governance. The document sets out the minimum commitments and/or standards of business conduct and ethics that the Bank expects from its Suppliers, also, information is being gathered about the suppliers of the Bank, helping to evaluate the supplier efforts towards sustainability (i.e. started collecting suppliers GHG data, information on employee relationship, employee rights, discrimination, also information on strategy and risk management, transparency, management of conflict of interest, etc.).

MANAGEMENT

Oversight of ESG risk management (including climate and environmental risks) in the Bank is carried out by a number of governing bodies:

- The Bank's Supervisory Council and the Risk Committee are the top-level governing bodies responsible for overseeing the management of ESG risks in the Bank;
- At the Bank's Management Board level, the Head of Risk Management Division (Chief Risk Officer (CRO) is responsible for the direct oversight of ESG risk management, reporting directly to the Bank's Chief Executive Officer CEO);
- The Head of Risk Management Division chairs the Bank's Risk Management Committee, which takes decisions related to ESG risk management;
- The Head of Risk Management Division is involved in the activities of the Sustainability Group, which is an advisory body on ESG risk and ESG strategy.



The ESG strategy is integral to the management of ESG risk in the Bank. The following governing bodies oversee the development and implementation of the ESG strategy in the Bank:

- The Management Board of the Bank is the top-level governing body responsible for the final approval of the ESG strategy and its integration into the Bank's strategy, as well as the review of the ESG strategy in the context of the Bank's strategy update.
- The Bank's Supervisory Council is briefed on the ESG strategy.
- The Sustainability Group, chaired by the Bank's Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO), is an advisory body on the development and implementation of the ESG strategy.

Changes to the key ESG risk indicators of the Bank are considered by the Risk Committee and approved by the Supervisory Council, on the recommendation of the Bank's Management Board. Periodic monitoring of ESG risk indicators and overall ESG risk management is carried out by the Risk Management Committee (reporting on a monthly basis) that reports periodically (quarterly) to the Risk Committee.

Bank's Remuneration policy is an integral component of the risk management framework of the Bank. The Policy is in compliance with the operational and risk strategy of the Group as well as its objectives, including those in relation to the environmental, social and governance (hereinafter - ESG) risk, the values and culture of the organisation as well as the long-term interests of continuing operations aimed at increasing the long-term value of the Bank's shares of, avoiding conflicts of interest, promoting sound and efficient risk management as well as reliable and effective management of money laundering and terrorist financing risks, and lays down the processes and principles followed in paying remuneration. The Policy is an integral component of the risk management framework of the Bank.

RISK MANAGEMENT

In 2024 the Bank has updated its Climate and environmental risk materiality assessment and has done the business environment scan, which was related to the climate risk. During Climate and environmental risk materiality assessment physical and transition risk were assessed in terms of how they affect the Bank's financial (credit, market, liquidity) and non-financial (operational and reputational, compliance, strategic/ business model) risk during different timeframes:

- Short term (up to 1 year);
- Medium term (1 to 5 years);
- Long term (5 to 30 years).

Additionally, the Bank has assessed how does the climate and environmental risks affect the business environment in which the Bank operates during the short, medium, and long term. The Bank has assessed its business environment from the macroeconomic, competitive landscape, regulatory trend, technological trend, and societal/demographic change perspective.

More detailed climate and environmental risk materiality assessment results the Bank plans to disclose together with other information regarding sustainability matters (consolidated) management report, which will be disclosed starting from 1 January 2025.

Transition risk

Credit risk. The update of the climate and environmental risk assessment which was done by the Bank, it was established that the transition risk has the most significant impact to the clients of the Bank during the medium (1 to 5 year) and long (>5 years) term. The main drivers of the transition risk are: growing regulatory requirements (including decarbonization), changing investor expectations, technological changes and market tendencies, changing



consumer behaviour. Meanwhile, in the short term (<1 year), the impact of transition risk is considered to be relatively limited, due to the potential exposure of the Bank's clients to transition risk at a later point in time (short term) and the ability of the clients to adapt to the changes in the longer term (long term). The main risk driver at the short term is the investor expectations. The identification of ESG risk for business clients (with a focus on transition risk) assesses the impact of transition risk on the client's business from a long-term perspective, while assessing whether the client is taking appropriate actions and measures to mitigate this risk.

Since 2006, the Bank's business lending has been guided by one of the best practices in the international financial sector – EBRD Environmental and Social Risk Management Manual. The identification, assessment and management of environmental and social risks are considered as part of credit risk. According to this framework, environmental and social risk management is carried out in several key steps:

- Due to environmental and social risks, the Bank does not finance projects related to activities included in this EBRD list: Corporate, SME and Micro Lending, Annex 1: Environmental and Social Exclusion List.
- The Bank identifies whether the project is likely to cause significant future environmental and/or social impacts that cannot be readily identified or assessed at the time of examination. In such a case, an environmental and social impact assessment is carried out. The types of projects falling into this category are identified in accordance with this EBRD List: Corporate, SME and Micro Lending, Annex 2: Category A Projects.
- In 2022, the Bank revised the previously used EBRD Environmental and Social Risk Categorisation List Revised 2014, which is used to determine the level of environmental and social risk, and which includes the following prohibited economic activities: tobacco farming, distillation, rectification and blending of spirits, manufacture of tobacco products, and the manufacture of pesticides and other agrochemical products (according to Corporate, SME and Micro Lending, Annex 1: Environmental and Social Exclusion List), the manufacture of arms and ammunition, the manufacture of military combat vehicles and the activities of gambling and betting. The methodology has been complemented by a classification of economic activities according to other widely used methodologies PACTA, the most GHG-intensive sectors, the most energy-intensive sectors and the sectors identified by the ECB as high climate risk.
- Other environmental risks and their assessment. The Bank's business lending is guided by the EBRD Environmental and Social Risk Management Programme, and therefore the environmental impact assessment process assesses the potential direct and indirect impacts on the environment on public health, wildlife, soil, land surface and subsoil, air, water, climate, landscape, biodiversity, tangible assets and immovable cultural property, and the interactions between these environmental components.

In 2023 and 2024, the Bank continued to improve credit risk management in the organisation by strengthening the involvement of the second line of defence in the credit decision process. The credit decision-making system ensures that clients with elevated ESG risk are properly rated and that the approved financing structure allows for a reduction in the level of ESG risk.

The Bank also follows an updated collateral valuation process, which includes climate and environmental risk factors such as the energy performance of the property and physical risk assessment. Assessing these factors allows for improved credit risk management and contributes to promoting society's shift towards more sustainable financial decisions.

More information – BUSINESS STRATEGY AND PROCESSES – Clients.



Market risk. Transition risk impact to the market risk has been identified as relatively limited due to the narrow range of the Bank's investment products, but ESG risk assessment is included in the Bank's product management procedures. In 2023, the Bank improved its investment decision-making process by starting to assess the compliance of corporate debt securities with ESG criteria when investing in a portfolio held to generate flows. First, the compliance of debt securities with the ESG eligibility criteria is assessed (i.e., they must meet the definition of a green bond, a sustainable bond, or a similar condition). If this condition is not met, the issuer's own ESG rating is assessed. Following the merger of the retail businesses at the end of 2023 (with the merger of SB Asset Management UAB), it is expected that the ESG risk assessment will be expanded due to the increase in the volume of investment products.

Used methodology, standards: Paris Agreement Capital Transition Assessment - PACTA; most GHG intensive sectors according to the European Banking Authority - EBA; most energy intensive sectors according to the International Energy Outlook 2016 sectors identified by the European Central Bank - ECB, and the Environmental and Social Risk Management Manual of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development - ERPB.

The Bank has integrated the review of counterparties' highest governance bodies' roles in non-financial reporting, with the primary objective of ensuring oversight and approval of counterparty non-financial risk disclosures. By incorporating this process into its risk management framework, the bank aims to enhance transparency, accountability, and alignment with industry best practices, thereby fortifying its commitment to sustainable and responsible business practices.

Physical risks

Credit risk. In 2024 the Bank has updated it's climate and environmental risk assessment and considered these sources for assessing physical risks:

- The Study on Climate Change Risks by the Middle of the 21st Century by the Hydrometeorological Service; National study conducted in 2023 that addresses various physical risks for Lithuania: floods, drought and forest fires, rainfall and frost risk, risk of heat, high winds and sea level rise under climate projections divided into 2 periods:
 - 2023–2030, under current climate conditions.
 - 2031–2060, under two RCP (representative concentration pathway) scenarios: RCP4.5, where new
 technologies are applied and strategies are implemented to reduce emissions, and RCP8.5, the most
 pessimistic scenario, where GHG emissions increase steadily without any action being taken to reduce
 them
- 2) The Study of Soil Degradation and Erosion, Coastal Erosion and Solifluction in Lithuania by Assoc. Prof. Dr. Jonas Volungevičius, Prof. Dr. Darijus Veteikis and Dr. Laurynas Jukna.
 - Soil degradation and erosions risk. Likelihood and scenarios: The soil degradation and erosion risk assessment carried out based on three scenarios a realistic, an optimistic and a pessimistic scenario, at the level of sub-districts and cadastral areas, assuming that changes under the scenarios would be visible in 20 to 30 years' time. Erosion/degradation risks have been found to be significant in all scenarios, both at the overall country level and at the scale of different territories.
- 3) ThinkHazard tool.

The ThinkHazard tool covers these physical risk categories for Lithuania: river flood, urban flood, wildfire, extreme heat, coastal flood, water scarcity, earthquake and landslide.



Limitations: ThinkHazard does not provide climate scenarios RCP (only theoretical projections) under which the severity of river flooding or any other hazard could increase, also the tool is not accurate in identifying whether the collateral falls exactly under the flooding area within the district.

4) IPCC Interactive Atlas: Regional synthesis.

Information on climate hazards such as river flood, urban flood, wildfire, extreme heat, coastal flood, water scarcity, earthquake, landslide for certain areas (districts) within the country were further combined with the Bank's internal information on collaterals for these sectors and portfolios - (i) Manufacturing, (ii) Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles, (iii) Real estate activities; and segments - Households, SME (Non-financial corporations) showing that these sectors / portfolios are exposed from low to medium physical risk level impact in the medium and long term horizons.

Erosion/degradation risks have been found to be significant in all scenarios, both at the overall country level and at the scale of different territories, especially for the agricultural sector, and the Bank intends to incorporate these risks into the overall ESG risk assessment process for business clients. This risk is relevant for new loans and depending on the maturity of the loan, for the existing loan portfolio - the maturities of the existing loans are less than 20–30 years. Considering this limitation, the agriculture portfolio might be exposed to this risk only in long time horizon for new loans.

The Bank is also planning to enhance it's climate and environmental risk assessment by adding other environmental risks and considering their impact on the credit risk.

Memberships and commitments

Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF). Recognising the fact that the vast majority of financial institutions greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and environmental impact arises from their financing and investment activities - in early 2023 the Bank joined the Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF) initiative. The aim of this initiative is to help financial institutions to calculate and disclose GHG emissions from lending and investment activities (Scope 3 Category 15 under the Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHG Protocol)). The PCAF initiative was chosen because its methodology is widely recognised and used in the financial sector and due to the applicability and relevance of this methodology to the Bank's existing loan and securities portfolio data. In addition the PCAF methodology builds on the above mentioned GHG protocol, which the Bank uses to calculate its other emission scopes (Scope 1 and 2) and the emissions of other Scope 3 categories (see Energy consumption in the organisation).

Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi). In January 2024 the Bank joined the international Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) to actively contribute to the goal of mitigating climate change committing itself to becoming a climate neutral bank by 2050 and to setting near term targets aligned with the 2050 trajectory. By joining this initiative the Bank commits itself to setting targets and measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and to align them with the SBTi standard within the next two years. The Bank will also seek to set other relevant sustainability targets in the environmental social and governance areas.

The Bank will also seek to set other relevant sustainability targets in the environmental, social and governance areas.

Bank's Risk Appetite

In 2023, the Bank updated its risk appetite documents, expanding the definitions of environmental, social and governance risks. The Risk Appetite Statement now includes updated ESG risk indicators – the share of non- financed sectors, the share of high ESG risk in the loan portfolio and the staff turnover.



In 2023, the Bank also started periodic monitoring of other ESG risk indicators, for example, in the environmental area, the Bank monitors the amount of fuel used in the Bank's company cars and the amount of paper used in the Bank's operations, as well as the amount of taxonomy-eligible and taxonomy-aligned assets; in the social area, it monitors employee satisfaction; in the governance area, it monitors the pay gap in management positions, gender diversity in the Bank's management bodies and management positions, and the level of completion of the Bank's mandatory training.

Limits are monitored and controlled by 2 Level defense constantly and reported to the Risk management committee (Management board level), Management board and Risk committee (Supervisory level) at regular basis. In case of breaching these limits Bank has implemented ad-hoc escalation to Risk committees and Management board process.

Climate stress testing

The Bank incorporates elements of climate and environmental risk into its internal stress testing, using the results of the Climate Risk Stress Test of 2022 and the Thematic Review by the ECB. The testing assessed the impact of the occurrence of climate risks on other risks under different scenarios based on expert assumptions. The results of the stress tests continue to be used in the Bank's Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) to ensure future capital adequacy.

The Bank plans to further develop and refine the climate and environmental risk scenarios for the stress tests and to compile the data needed for the tests, taking into account the information that is continuously accumulated on the main climate change risk drivers and their impact on the Bank's exposure to climate change risk.

Calculation of financed GHG emissions

For emission calculation the Bank uses GHG data provided by the clients, if the actual data was not available - GHG data was calculated by using the most recent financial data (sales revenue, assets, and obligations). Additional data that has been used for calculations: building energy performance certificate (EPC), square metres of the building, leased motor vehicle manufacturer provided GHG data, according to motor vehicle type and petrol type.

In 2023, the Bank did not only improve the methodology for calculating emissions and the quality of available data but also significantly increased the coverage of loan and securities portfolios. Emission calculations that were carried out for 2023 covered 93% of loan and securities portfolio, while in 2022 it covered only 52% of the portfolio.

Financed GHG emissions are assessed once a year, that is why in this report the financed GHG emission data is for year 2023. Financed scope 3 GHG emission data (Template 1, column (j)) are reported in limited scope, i.e., assessing only the securities positions of private companies. In the future the Bank is planning (as possible) to extend the scope of financed scope 3 GHG emission assessment. The Bank is aiming to use the highest quality data in order to measure financed emissions as accurately as possible - making efforts to collect the data directly from the clients and to improve the reliability of other data used for calculations.

In both cases, the aim was to use data of the highest possible quality to calculate financed emissions as accurately as possible. Going forward, the Bank will strive to collect as much data as it can directly from its clients as well as to enhance the reliability of other data used in the calculations.



Template 1: Banking book- Climate Change transition risk: Credit quality of exposures by sector, emissions and residual maturity

		a	b	С	d	е
			amount (in M EUR)	-		
	Sector/subsector		Of which exposures towards companies excluded from EU Paris-aligned Benchmarks in accordance with points (d) to (g) of Article 12.1 and in accordance with Article 12.2 of Climate Benchmark Standards Regulation	Of which environmentally sustainable (CCM)	Of which stage 2 exposures	Of which non- performing exposures
1	Exposures towards sectors that highly contribute to climate change*	1,401.11	35.12	4.1	132.29	56.23
2	A - Agriculture, forestry and fishing	53.88			14.89	0.74
3	B - Mining and quarrying	9.88	0.18		0	0.04
4	B.05 - Mining of coal and lignite	0			0	0
5	B.06 - Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	0			0	0
6	B.07 - Mining of metal ores	0			0	0
7	B.08 - Other mining and quarrying	9.88			0	0.04
8	B.09 - Mining support service activities	0	0.18			
9	C - Manufacturing	220.32			21.03	23.45
10	C.10 - Manufacture of food products	31.78			0.74	18.05
11	C.11 - Manufacture of beverages	0.6			0	0
12	C.12 - Manufacture of tobacco products	0			0	0
13	C.13 - Manufacture of textiles	4.47			1.98	0
14	C.14 - Manufacture of wearing apparel	6.69			0.29	4.21
15	C.15 - Manufacture of leather and related products	0.07			0	0
16	C.16 - Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	47.49			1.08	0.04
17	C.17 - Manufacture of pulp, paper and paperboard	11.8			0.1	0
18	C.18 - Printing and service activities related to printing	5.22			4.66	0
19	C.19 - Manufacture of coke oven products	0		0.01	0	0
20	C.20 - Production of chemicals	5.2			0.03	0
21	C.21 - Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations	0			0	0
22	C.22 - Manufacture of rubber products	8.33			1	0.52
23	C.23 - Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	4.86		0.34	0.1	0.15
24	C.24 - Manufacture of basic metals	0			0	0
25	C.25 - Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	38.14			0.13	0.42
26	C.26 - Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	1.7			0.02	0
27	C.27 - Manufacture of electrical equipment	5.41			0.01	0
28	C.28 - Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	2.96			0.25	0

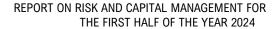


29	C.29 - Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	4.73		0.46	0	0
30	C.30 - Manufacture of other transport equipment	8.17		0.40	0.12	0
31	C.31 - Manufacture of furniture	6.24			0.31	0.04
32	C.32 - Other manufacturing	6.9		0	0.04	0.02
33	C.33 - Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	19.56		· ·	10.17	0
34	D - Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	79.19	0.7		7.47	5.5
35	D35.1 - Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	45.27			5.63	4.9
36	D35.11 - Production of electricity	33.45		2.12	5.63	4.88
37	D35.2 - Manufacture of gas; distribution of gaseous fuels through mains	0.66	0.7	1.17	0.48	0.05
38	D35.3 - Steam and air conditioning supply	33.26			1.36	0.55
39	E - Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	32			1	1.08
40	F - Construction	171.16			20.28	4.22
41	F.41 - Construction of buildings	136.88			19.27	1.58
42	F.42 - Civil engineering	16. <i>72</i>			0.55	2.23
43	F.43 - Specialised construction activities	17.56			0.46	0.41
44	G - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	173.4	34.24		16.46	3.95
45	H - Transportation and storage	102.44			3.55	2.97
46	H.49 - Land transport and transport via pipelines	58.98			3.06	2.95
47	H.50 - Water transport	0.15			0.11	0
48	H.51 - Air transport	0.01			0	0
49	H.52 - Warehousing and support activities for transportation	43.3			0.38	0.02
50	H.53 - Postal and courier activities	0			0	0
51	I - Accommodation and food service activities	53.56			10.03	0.04
52	L - Real estate activities	505.28			37.58	14.24
53	Exposures towards sectors other than those that highly contribute to climate change*	312.55			10.04	4.78
54	K - Financial and insurance activities	0.12			0.01	0.02
55	Exposures to other sectors (NACE codes J, M - U)	312.43		0.2	10.03	4.76
56	TOTAL	1,713.66	35.12	4.3	142.33	61.01

(continued)					
		f	g	h		
	Sector/subsector	Accumulated impairment, accumulated negative changes in fair value due to credit risk and provisions (in M EUR)				
			Of which Stage 2 exposures	Of which non- performing exposures		
1	Exposures towards sectors that highly contribute to climate change*	-22.01	-0.94	-9.93		
2	A - Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-0.46	-0.07	-0.16		
3	B - Mining and quarrying	-0.04	0	-0.01		
4	B.05 - Mining of coal and lignite	0	0	0		
5	B.06 - Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	0	0	0		
6	B.07 - Mining of metal ores	0	0	0		
7	B.08 - Other mining and quarrying	-0.04	0	-0.01		
8	B.09 - Mining support service activities					
9	C - Manufacturing	-3.46	-0.08	-2.17		



40	C.10. Manufacture of food products	1.67	0	1 61
10	C.10 - Manufacture of food products C.11 - Manufacture of beverages	-1.67 0	0	-1.61
11	C.12 - Manufacture of tobacco products	0	0	0
12	C.13 - Manufacture of textiles	-0.02	-0.01	0
13	C.14 - Manufacture of wearing apparel	-0.02	-0.01	-0.06
14	C.15 - Manufacture of wearing apparer C.15 - Manufacture of leather and related products	-0.07	0	-0.00
15	C.16 - Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture;			-
16	manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	-0.51	-0.01	-0.04
17	C.17 - Manufacture of pulp, paper and paperboard	-0.03	0	0
18	C.18 - Printing and service activities related to printing	-0.02	-0.01	0
19	C.19 - Manufacture of coke oven products	0	0	0
20	C.20 - Production of chemicals	-0.02	0	0
21	C.21 - Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations	0	0	0
22	C.22 - Manufacture of rubber products	-0.43	-0.01	-0.36
23	C.23 - Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	-0.12	0	-0.09
24	C.24 - Manufacture of basic metals	0	0	0
25	C.25 - Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	-0.43	-0.01	0
26	C.26 - Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	0	0	0
27	C.27 - Manufacture of electrical equipment	0	0	0
28	C.28 - Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	-0.01	0	0
29	C.29 - Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	0	0	0
30	C.30 - Manufacture of other transport equipment	-0.01	0	0
31	C.31 - Manufacture of furniture	-0.04	0	0
32	C.32 - Other manufacturing	-0.03	0	-0.01
33	C.33 - Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	-0.05	-0.03	0
34	D - Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	-3.06	-0.09	-0.45
35	D35.1 - Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	-2.7	-0.07	-0.44
36	D35.11 - Production of electricity	-2.42	-0.07	-0.44
37	D35.2 - Manufacture of gas; distribution of gaseous fuels through mains	-0.01	-0.01	0
38	D35.3 - Steam and air conditioning supply	-0.35	-0.01	-0.01
39	E - Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	-0.26	-0.02	-0.03
40	F - Construction	-4.13	-0.24	-1.38
41	F.41 - Construction of buildings	-2.44	-0.18	-0.14
42	F.42 - Civil engineering	-1.28	-0.04	-1.1
43	F.43 - Specialised construction activities	-0.41	-0.02	-0.14
44	G - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	-1.8	-0.11	-0.79
45	H - Transportation and storage	-1.51	-0.06	-0.91
46	H.49 - Land transport and transport via pipelines	-1.21	-0.05	-0.9
47	H.50 - Water transport	0	0	0
48	H.51 - Air transport	0	0	0
49	H.52 - Warehousing and support activities for transportation	-0.3	-0.01	-0.01
50	H.53 - Postal and courier activities	0	0	0
51	I - Accommodation and food service activities	-0.24	-0.08	-0.02
52	L - Real estate activities	-7.05	-0.19	-4.01
53	Exposures towards sectors other than those that highly contribute to climate change*	-6.59	-0.4	-0.54
54	K - Financial and insurance activities	-0.02	0	0
55	Exposures to other sectors (NACE codes J, M - U)	-6.57	-0.4	-0.54
56	TOTAL	-28.6	-1.34	-10.47





	(continued)								
		i	i	k	ı	m	n	0	р
	Sector/subsector	scope 3 emissions of the counterparty) (in tons of CO2 equivalent)		GHG emissions (column i): gross carrying amount percentage of the	<= 5 years	> 5 year <= 10 years	> 10 year <= 20 years	> 20 years	Average weighted maturity
			Of which Scope 3 financed emissions	portfolio derived from company- specific reporting					
1	Exposures towards sectors that highly contribute to climate change*	307,863.04	18,316.19	4.306	1,248.37	55.97	95.85	0.92	3.95
2	A - Agriculture, forestry and fishing	46,623.44		0	46.03	7.49	0.36	0	3.05
3	B - Mining and quarrying	11,928.52		0	9.88	0	0	0	3.12
4	B.05 - Mining of coal and lignite				0	0	0	0	0
5	B.06 - Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	2,633.72		0	0	0	0	0	0
6	B.07 - Mining of metal ores				0	0	0	0	0
7	B.08 - Other mining and quarrying	9,294.81		0	9.88	0	0	0	3.12
8	B.09 - Mining support service activities				0	0	0	0	0
9	C - Manufacturing	59,440.82		1.718	208.2	11.38	0	0.74	2.16
10	C.10 - Manufacture of food products	7,486.84		0.153	30.52	1.25	0	0.01	0.93
11	C.11 - Manufacture of beverages	81.94		0	0.6	0	0	0	3.27
12	C.12 - Manufacture of tobacco products				0	0	0	0	0
13	C.13 - Manufacture of textiles	1,124.14		0	4.47	0	0	0	1.94
14	C.14 - Manufacture of wearing apparel	1,464.60		0	6.69	0	0	0	1.54
15	C.15 - Manufacture of leather and related products	3.87		0	0.07	0	0	0	1.99
16	C.16 - Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	11,857.35		0.154	46.6	0.89	0	0	3.07
17	C.17 - Manufacture of pulp, paper and paperboard	1,060.60		0.104	11.27	0.53	0	0	3.28
18	C.18 - Printing and service activities related to printing	729.47		0	5.21	0.01	0	0	2.96
19	C.19 - Manufacture of coke oven products				0	0	0	0	0
20	C.20 - Production of chemicals	6,623.90		0	4.47	0	0	0.73	0.89
21	C.21 - Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations				0	0	0	0	0
22	C.22 - Manufacture of rubber products	6,465.01		0	3.96	4.37	0	0	3.82
23	C.23 - Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	861.20		0	4.96	0	0	0	1 70
24	products C.24 - Manufacture of basic metals			0	4.86	0	0	0	1.78
	C.25 - Manufacture of fabricated metal products,	3,927.22			0	0	0	0	0
25	except machinery and equipment C.26 - Manufacture of computer, electronic and	325.98		0.303	36.24	1.9	0	0	2.16
26	optical products	323.90		0	0.14	1.56	0	0	5.4
27	C.27 - Manufacture of electrical equipment	623.81		0.226	4.67	0.74	0	0	3.63
28	C.28 - Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	333.00		0	2.91	0.05	0	0	1.86
29	C.29 - Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	483.90	422.07	0.311	4.73	0	0	0	0.09
30	C.30 - Manufacture of other transport equipment	13,636.70	11,610.48	0.382	8.17	0	0	0	0.29
31	C.31 - Manufacture of furniture	479.21		0.189	6.16	0.08	0	0	2.35
32	C.32 - Other manufacturing	343.39		0	6.9	0	0	0	2.43



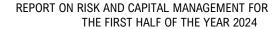
33	C.33 - Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	1,528.69		0	19.56	0	0	0	0.59
34	D - Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	31,740.39		0.332	52.26	4.75	22.17	0.01	6.86
35	D35.1 - Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	7,201.19		0	44.36	0.9	0	0.01	2.54
36	D35.11 - Production of electricity	7,198.78		0	32.54	0.9	0	0.01	2.97
37	D35.2 - Manufacture of gas; distribution of gaseous fuels through mains	31.49		0	0.66	0	0	0	2.75
38	D35.3 - Steam and air conditioning supply	23,485.87		0.128	7.24	3.85	22.17	0	12.39
39	E - Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	4,731.21		0	16.26	2.27	13.47	0	8.9
40	F - Construction	7,019.29		0	165.89	3.51	1.75	0.01	2.99
41	F.41 - Construction of buildings	3,861.19		0	133.62	3.11	0.14	0.01	2.57
42	F.42 - Civil engineering	1,603.12		0	16.72	0	0	0	2.86
43	F.43 - Specialised construction activities	1,554.98		0	15.55	0.4	1.61	0	3.67
44	G - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	59,098.24	447.9	0.04	169.25	4.06	0	0.09	2.39
45	H - Transportation and storage	59,567.83		0.647	100.84	1.59	0	0.01	3.04
46	H.49 - Land transport and transport via pipelines	56,105.90		0.647	57.44	1.53	0	0.01	2.86
47	H.50 - Water transport	19.81		0	0.15	0	0	0	1.79
48	H.51 - Air transport	0.43		0	0.01	0	0	0	2.76
49	H.52 - Warehousing and support activities for transportation	3,440.55		0	43.24	0.06	0	0	2.78
50	H.53 - Postal and courier activities	1.15		0	0	0	0	0	0
51	I - Accommodation and food service activities	1,396.32		0	47.56	6	0	0	3.31
52	L - Real estate activities	26,316.98	5,835.74	1.569	432.2	14.92	58.1	0.06	4.58
53	Exposures towards sectors other than those that highly contribute to climate change*				266.08	9.65	35.41	1.41	4.37
54	K - Financial and insurance activities				0.09	0	0	0.03	1.42
55	Exposures to other sectors (NACE codes J, M - U)				265.99	9.65	35.41	1.38	4.18
56	TOTAL	307,863.04	18,316.19	4.306	1,514.45	65.62	131.26	2.33	4.03

^{*} In accordance with the Commission delegated regulation EU) 2020/1818 supplementing regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as regards minimum standards for EU Climate Transition Benchmarks and EU Paris-aligned Benchmarks -Climate Benchmark Standards Regulation - Recital 6: Sectors listed in Sections A to H and Section L of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1893/2006

Of which exposures towards companies excluded from EU Paris-aligned Benchmarks in accordance with points (d) to (g) of Article 12.1 and in accordance with Article 12.2 of Climate Benchmark Standards Regulation part contains information on positions if they fall into these sectors: B.05, B.06, B.08.92, B.09.1, C.19, D.35.2, G.46.71, G.47.3, H.49.5.

Template 2: Banking book - Climate change transition risk: Loans collateralised by immovable property - Energy efficiency of the collateral

			Total gross carrying amount (in M EUR)								
	Counterparty sector		Level of energy efficiency (EP score in kWh/m² of collateral)								
			0; <= 100	> 100; <= 200	> 200; <= 300	> 300; <= 400	> 400; <= 500	> 500			
1	Total EU area	1,905	747	101	43	16	10	26			
2	Of which Loans collateralised by commercial immovable property	1,081	403	45	29	6	3	5			
3	Of which Loans collateralised by residential immovable property	824	344	56	14	10	7	21			





4	Of which Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties							
5	Of which Level of energy efficiency (EP score in kWh/m² of collateral) estimated							
6	Total non-EU area	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Of which Loans collateralised by commercial immovable property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Of which Loans collateralised by residential immovable property	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Of which Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties							
10	Of which Level of energy efficiency (EP score in kWh/m² of collateral) estimated							

(continued)

	(continued)									
		h	i	j	k	I	m	n	0	р
					Total gross	carrying ar	nount (in M	EUR)		
			Level of	energy effic	iency (EPC	label of coll	ateral)		Without EPC label of collateral	
	Counterparty sector	А	В	С	D	E	F	G		Of which level of energy efficiency (EP score in kWh/m² of collateral) estimated
1	Total EU area	411	289	95	81	36	78	145	772	
2	Of which Loans collateralised by commercial immovable property	183	170	56	53	26	41	16	535	
3	Of which Loans collateralised by residential immovable property	228	118	40	27	10	36	130	236	
4	Of which Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties									
5	Of which Level of energy efficiency (EP score in kWh/m² of collateral) estimated									
6	Total non-EU area	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	Of which Loans collateralised by commercial immovable property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	Of which Loans collateralised by residential immovable property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	Of which Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties	-								
10	Of which Level of energy efficiency (EP score in kWh/m² of collateral) estimated									



Template 3: Banking book. Indicators of potential climate change-related transition risks. Alignment parameters

	a	b	С	d	е	f	g
	Sector	NACE Sectors (a minima)	Portfolio gross carrying amount (Mn EUR)	Alignment metric**	Year of reference	Distance to IEA NZE2050 in % ***	Target (year of reference + 3 years)
1	Power		50,68				
2	Fossil fuel combustion		10,54				
3	Automotive		<i>4,73</i>				
4	Aviation		0				
5	Maritime transport		0,15				
6	Cement, clinker and lime production	Please refer to	0				
7	Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	the list below*	81,45				
8	Chemicals		0				
9	potential additions relevant to the business model of the institution		0				

^{***} Point in Time (PiT) distance to 2030 NZE2050 scenario in % (for each metric)

* List of NACE sectors to be considered

IEA sector		Sectors (a minima) - s required	**Examples of metrics - non- exhaustive list. Institutions shall apply metrics defined by the IEA scenario		
Sector in the template	sector	code			
Maritime transport	shipping	301			
Maritime transport	shipping	3011			
Maritime transport	shipping	3012			
Maritime transport	shipping	3315	Average tonnes of CO2 per		
Maritime transport	shipping	50	passenger-km		
Maritime transport	shipping	501	Average gCO ₂ /MJ and		
Maritime transport	shipping	5010	Average share of high carbon		
Maritime transport	shipping	502	technologies (ICE).		
Maritime transport	shipping	5020			
Maritime transport	shipping	5222			
Maritime transport	shipping	5224			
Maritime transport	shipping	5229			
Power	power	27			
Power	power	2712	Average tonnes of CO2 per		
Power	power	3314	MWh and		
Power	power	35	Average share of high carbon		
Power	power	351	technologies (oil, gas, coal)		
Power	power	3511			



Power	power	3512	
Power	power	3513	
Power	power	3514	
Power	power	4321	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	91	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	910	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	192	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	1920	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	2014	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	352	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	3521	Average tons pf CO2 per GJ.
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	3522	and
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	3523	Average share of high carbon
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	4612	technologies (ICE).
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	4671	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	6	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	61	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	610	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	62	
Fossil fuel combustion	oil and gas	620	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	24	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	241	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	2410	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	242	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	2420	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	2434	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	244	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	2442	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	2444	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	2445	Average tonnes of CO2 per
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	245	tonne of output
•			and Average share of high carbon
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel steel	2451 2452	technologies (ICE).
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	25	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	251	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	2511	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	4672	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	coal	5	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	coal	51	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	coal	510	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	coal	52	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	coal	520	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	7	



Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	72	
Iron and steel, coke, and metal ore production	steel	729	
Fossil fuel combustion	coal	8	Average tons of CO2 per GJ.
			and Average share of high carbon
Fossil fuel combustion	coal	9	technologies (ICE).
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	235	
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	2351	
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	2352	Average tonnes of CO2 per
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	236	tonne of output
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	2361	and
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	2363	Average share of high carbon technologies (ICE).
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	2364	g (/.
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	811	
Cement, clinker and lime production	cement	89	
aviation	aviation	3030	
aviation	aviation	3316	Avarage share of quetainable
aviation	aviation	511	Average share of sustainable aviation fuels
aviation	aviation	5110	and
aviation	aviation	512	Average tonnes of CO2 per passenger-km
aviation	aviation	5121	passenger i.i.i.
aviation	aviation	5223	
automotive	automotive	2815	
automotive	automotive	29	
automotive	automotive	291	Average tonnes of CO2 per
automotive	automotive	2910	passenger-km and
automotive	automotive	292	Average share of high carbon
automotive	automotive	2920	technologies (ICE).
automotive	automotive	293	
automotive	automotive	2932	

The Bank, in order to actively contribute to the goal of reducing climate change, in January of 2024 became a part of the international Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) and committed to becoming a climate-neutral bank by 2050. The Bank plans to set near-term goals aligned with 2050 trajectory of goal implementation. By joining this initiative, the Bank undertakes to set goals and measures for the reduction of greenhouse gases and harmonize them with the standard of the SBTi initiative within the next two years, so the rest of the information about the harmonization parameters (template 3 (d) - (g) columns) is planned to be disclosed by the Bank's Risks and capital management report for 2025.



Template 4: Banking book - Climate change transition risk: Exposures to top 20 carbon-intensive firms

The Bank used the Carbon Majors Database and the Climate Accountability Institute as sources to identify the 20 most carbon-intensive corporations worldwide. The Bank does not have positions in these companies.

Template 5: Banking book - Climate change physical risk: Exposures subject to physical risk

	a	b	С	d	е	f	g		
				Gross carry	ing amount (M El	JR)			
			of which ex	posures sens	tive to impact fro	m climate change	physical events		
	Variable: Geographical area subject to climate change		Breakdown by maturity bucket						
	physical risk - acute and chronic events		<= 5 years	> 5 year <= 10 years	> 10 year <= 20 years	> 20 years	Average weighted maturity		
1	A - Agriculture, forestry and fishing	53.88	46.03	7.49	0.36	0	3.05		
2	B - Mining and quarrying	9.88	9.88	0	0	0	3.12		
3	C - Manufacturing	220.32	208.2	11.38	0	0.74	2.16		
4	D - Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	79.19	52.26	4.75	22.17	0.01	6.86		
5	E - Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	32	16.26	2.27	13.47	0	8.9		
6	F - Construction	171.16	165.89	3.51	1.75	0.01	2.99		
7	G - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	173.4	169.25	4.06	0	0.09	2.39		
8	H - Transportation and storage	102.44	100.84	1.59	0	0.01	3.04		
9	L - Real estate activities	505.28	432.2	14.92	58.1	0.06	4.58		
10	Loans collateralised by residential immovable property	264.44	262.95	1.49	0	0	2.83		
11	Loans collateralised by commercial immovable property	1081.45	1030.73	50.72	0	0	2.81		
12	Repossessed collaterals	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13	Other relevant sectors (breakdown below where relevant)	0	0	0	0	0	0		

	10.010.10	0	<u> </u>	-	-	-					
	(continued)						<u> </u>				
	a	h-j	k	I	m	n	0				
			Gross carrying amount (M EUR)								
		of	of which exposures sensitive to impact from climate change physical events								
	Variable: Geographical area subject to climate change	of which	osures itive to ct from change Of which Stage 2 exposures		Accumulated impairment, accumulated negative changes in fair value due to credit risk and provisions						
	physical risk - acute and chronic events	exposures sensitive to		Of which non-							
	A - Agriculture, forestry and fishing	impact from climate change events		performing exposures		of which Stage 2 exposures	Of which non- performing exposures				
1	B - Mining and quarrying		14.89	0.74	-0.46	-0.07	-0.16				
2	C - Manufacturing		0	0.04	-0.04	0	-0.01				
3	D - Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply		21.03	23.45	-3.46	-0.08	-2.17				
4	E - Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities		7.47	5.5	-3.06	-0.09	-0.45				
5	F - Construction		1	1.08	-0.26	-0.02	-0.03				
6	G - Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles		20.28	4.22	-4.13	-0.24	-1.38				
7	H - Transportation and storage		16.46	3.95	-1.8	-0.11	-0.79				
8	L - Real estate activities		3.55	2.97	-1.51	-0.06	-0.91				



9	Loans collateralised by residential immovable property	37.56	14.24	-7.05	-0.19	-4.01
10	Loans collateralised by commercial immovable	57.50	14.24	-7.03	-0.19	-4.01
10	property	22.4	5.76	-4.09	-0.13	-2.76
11	Repossessed collaterals	117.0	43.72	-12.14	-0.56	-6.71
12	Other relevant sectors (breakdown below where					
12	relevant)		0	0	0	0
13	Variable: Geographical area subject to climate change physical risk - acute and chronic events		0	0	0	0

According to our analysis and based on Lithuanian Hydrometeorological Service report for physical risks, dated 2023 (Lietuvos hidrometeorologijos tarnybos "Klimato kaitos rizikų XXI a. viduriui studija", or the Report), the Bank does not have loans collateralised with immovable property and on repossessed real estate collateral that are exposed to chronic and acute climate-related hazards. The Report reveals the level of physical risks (chronic and acute) for different time horizons and different districts within the country which is low or medium, no high risk identified.

Template 6. Summary of GAR KPIs

		КРІ		% coverage (over total assets)*
	Climate change mitigation	Climate change adaptation	Total (Climate change mitigation + Climate change adaptation)	
GAR stock	1.4%	0.1%	1.5%	69.79%
GAR flow	22.2%	18.0%	22.1%	0.23%

^{* %} of assets covered by the KPI over banks' total assets

Template 7 - Mitigating actions: Assets for the calculation of GAR

		a	b	С	d	е	f			
			Di	sclosure referenc	e date 30-06-2024					
			Climate Change Mitigation (CCM)							
	MUI: EUD		Of which towards taxonomy relevant sectors (Taxonomy-eligible)							
	Million EUR	Total gross carrying amount	Of which environmentally sustainable (Taxonomy-aligned)							
		Carrying amount			Of which specialised lending	Of which transitional	Of which enabling			
	GAR - Covered assets in both numerator and	denominator								
1	Loans and advances, debt securities and equity instruments not HfT eligible for GAR calculation	1,601.94	843.01	48.35						
2	Financial corporations	169.08	0.71	0.49						
3	Credit institutions	9.66								
4	Loans and advances	5.26								
5	Debt securities, including UoP	2.35								
6	Equity instruments	2.05								
7	Other financial corporations	159.42	0.71	0.49						
8	of which investment firms									
9	Loans and advances	136.13								
10	Debt securities, including UoP	22.8	0.71	0.49						
11	Equity instruments	0.49								
12	of which management companies									
13	Loans and advances									
14	Debt securities, including UoP									
15	Equity instruments									
16	of which insurance undertakings									



	Loans and advances					
18	Debt securities, including UoP					
19	Equity instruments					
20	Non-financial corporations (subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)	33.51	13.65	4.96		
21	Loans and advances	00.01	10.00	4.00		
22	Debt securities, including UoP	33.12	13.65	4.96		
23	Equity instruments	0.39	13.03	4.90		
24	Households	1347.7	828.64	42.90		
25	of which loans collateralised by residential immovable property	822.58	822.58	42.90		
26	of which building renovation loans	86.15	4.17			
27	of which motor vehicle loans	38.78	1.89			
28	Local governments financing	51.65				
29	Housing financing					
30	Other local governments financing	51.65				
31	Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties					
32	TOTAL GAR ASSETS	1,601.94				
	Assets excluded from the numerator for GAR calcul		denominator	<u> </u>		
	EU Non-financial corporations (not subject	(11111111111111111111111111111111111111		<u>, </u>		
33	to NFRD disclosure obligations)	1,654.38				
34	Loans and advances	1,654.38				
35	Debt securities					
36	Equity instruments					
37	Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)					
38		8.58				
	Loans and advances	8.58				
39	Loans and advances Debt securities	8.58				
39	Debt securities					
39 40	Debt securities Equity instruments					
39 40 41	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives					
39 40 41 42	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans					
39 40 41 42 43	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets	8.58				
39 40 41 42 43 44	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.)	116.44 3,381.34	R-calculation			
39 40 41 42 43 44	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator and Sovereigns	116.44 3,381.34	R-calculation			
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator and Sovereigns Central banks exposure	116.44 3,381.34 I denominator for GA 667.99 15.6	R-calculation			
39 40 41 42 43 44 45	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator and Sovereigns Central banks exposure Trading book	116.44 3,381.34 I denominator for GA 667.99	R-calculation			
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator and Sovereigns Central banks exposure	116.44 3,381.34 I denominator for GA 667.99 15.6	R-calculation			



	(continued)	g	h	i	j	k		
			Disclosur	e reference date	30-06-2024			
			Climate	Change Adapta	tion (CCA)			
		Of which			ctors (Taxonomy-elig	ible)		
	Million EUR			environmentally sustainable (Taxonomy-aligned)				
			01 11111011	Of which specialised lending	Of which adaptation	Of which enabling		
	GAR - Covered assets in both numerator and denor	ninator		161161119				
1	Loans and advances, debt securities and equity instruments not HfT eligible for GAR calculation		1.59					
2	Financial corporations		1.00					
3	Credit institutions							
4	Loans and advances							
5	Debt securities, including UoP							
6	Equity instruments							
7	Other financial corporations							
8	of which investment firms							
9	Loans and advances							
10	Debt securities, including UoP							
11	Equity instruments							
12	of which management companies							
13	Loans and advances							
14	Debt securities, including UoP							
15	Equity instruments							
16	of which insurance undertakings							
17	Loans and advances							
18	Debt securities, including UoP							
19	Equity instruments							
20	Non-financial corporations (subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)		1.59					
21	Loans and advances							
22	Debt securities, including UoP		1.59					
23	Equity instruments							
24	Households							
25	of which loans collateralised by residential immovable property							
26	of which building renovation loans							
27	of which motor vehicle loans							
28	Local governments financing							
29	Housing financing							
30	Other local governments financing							
31	Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties							
32	TOTAL GAR ASSETS							



	Assets excluded from the numerator for GAR calcu
33	EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)
34	Loans and advances
35	Debt securities
36	Equity instruments
37	Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)
38	Loans and advances
39	Debt securities
40	Equity instruments
41	Derivatives
42	On demand interbank loans
43	Cash and cash-related assets
44	Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.)
45	TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR)
	Other assets excluded from both the numerator an
46	Sovereigns
47	Central banks exposure
48	Trading book
49	TOTAL ASSETS EXCLUDED FROM NUMERATOR AND DENOMINATOR
50	TOTAL ASSETS

	(continued)	I	m	n	0	р			
			Disclosur	e reference date	30-06-2024				
		TOTAL (CCM + CCA)							
		Of which towards taxonomy relevant sectors (Taxonomy-eligible)							
	Million EUR	Of which environmentally sustainable (Taxonomy-alignmentally susta							
				Of which specialised lending	Of which transitional/ adaptation	Of which enabling			
	GAR - Covered assets in both numerator and deno	minator							
1	Loans and advances, debt securities and equity instruments not HfT eligible for GAR calculation	843.01	49.94						
2	Financial corporations	0.71	0.49						
3	Credit institutions								
4	Loans and advances								
5	Debt securities, including UoP								
6	Equity instruments								
7	Other financial corporations	0.71	0.49						
8	of which investment firms								
9	Loans and advances								
10	Debt securities, including UoP	0.71	0.49						
11	Equity instruments								
12	of which management companies								



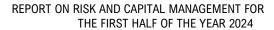
13	Loans and advances				
14	Debt securities, including UoP				
15	Equity instruments				
16	of which insurance undertakings				
17	Loans and advances				
18	Debt securities, including UoP				
19	Equity instruments				
20	Non-financial corporations (subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)	13.65	6.55		
21	Loans and advances				
22	Debt securities, including UoP	13.65	6.55		
23	Equity instruments				
24	Households	828.64	42.90		
25	of which loans collateralised by residential immovable property	822.58	42.90		
26	of which building renovation loans	4.17			
27	of which motor vehicle loans	1.89			
28	Local governments financing				
29	Housing financing				
30	Other local governments financing				
31	Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties				
32	TOTAL GAR ASSETS				
	Assets excluded from the numerator for GAR calcu	lation (covered in the	denominator)	·
33	EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)				
34	Loans and advances				
35	Debt securities				
35 36	Debt securities Equity instruments				
36	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not				
36 37	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations)				
36 37 38	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances				
36 37 38 39	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities				
36 37 38 39 40	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments				
36 37 38 39 40 41	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives				
36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans				
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets				
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.)	d denominator for GA	R-calculation		
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR)	d denominator for GA	R-calculation		
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator an	d denominator for GA	R-calculation		
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator an Sovereigns	d denominator for GA	R-calculation		
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator an Sovereigns Central banks exposure	d denominator for GA	R-calculation		
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	Equity instruments Non-EU Non-financial corporations (not subject to NFRD disclosure obligations) Loans and advances Debt securities Equity instruments Derivatives On demand interbank loans Cash and cash-related assets Other assets (e.g. Goodwill, commodities etc.) TOTAL ASSETS IN THE DENOMINATOR (GAR) Other assets excluded from both the numerator an Sovereigns Central banks exposure Trading book TOTAL ASSETS EXCLUDED FROM NUMERATOR	d denominator for GA	R-calculation		



Template 8 - GAR (%)

		a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j
				Disc	closure referer	nce date 30-0	06-2024: KI	Pls on sto	ock		
			Climate	Change Mitigatio	n (CCM)			Clima	te Change Adap	tation (CCA)	
		Proportion of	eligible ass	ets funding taxon	omy relevant s	sectors	Proportion of eligible assets funding taxonomy releva				elevant
			Of which	environmentally	sustainable				tion of eligible as t sectors	sets funding t	axonomy
	% (compared to total covered assets in the denominator))			Of which specialised lending	Of which transitional	Of which enabling			Of which specialised lending	Of which adaptation	Of which enabling
1	GAR										
2	Loans and advances, debt securities and equity instruments not HfT eligible for GAR calculation	24.93	1.43					0.05			
3	Financial corporations	0.02	0.01								
4	Credit institutions										
5	Other financial corporations	0.02	0.01								
6	of which investment firms										
7	of which management companies										
8	of which insurance undertakings										
9	Non-financial corporations subject to NFRD disclosure obligations	0.40	0.15					0.05			
10	Households	24.51	1.27								
11	of which loans collateralised by residential immovable property	24.33	1.27								
12	of which building renovation loans	0.12									
13	of which motor vehicle loans	0.06									
14	Local government financing										
15	Housing financing										
16	Other local governments financing										
17	Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties										

(continued)		k	I	m	n	0	р	
		Disclosure reference date 30-06-2024: KPIs on stock						
			TOTAL (CCM + CCA)					
	Proportion of eligible assets funding taxonomy relevant sectors							
	% (compared to total covered assets in the denominator))	Of which environmentally sustainable						
	GAR			Of which specialised lending	Of which transitional/adaptation	Of which enabling	Proportion of total assets covered	
1	Loans and advances, debt securities and equity instruments not HfT eligible for GAR calculation							





2	Financial corporations	24.93	1.48		52.62
3	Credit institutions	0.02	0.01		0.04
4	Other financial corporations	0.02	0.0.		0.0.1
5	of which investment firms	0.02	0.01		0.04
6	of which management companies				
7	of which insurance undertakings				
8	Non-financial corporations subject to NFRD disclosure obligations				
9	Households	0.40	0.19		0.85
10	of which loans collateralised by residential immovable property	24.51	1.27		51.73
11	of which building renovation loans	24.33	1.27		51.35
12	of which motor vehicle loans	0.12			0.26
13	Local government financing	0.06			0.12
14	Housing financing				
15	Other local governments financing				
16	Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties				
17	% (compared to total covered assets in the denominator))				

(co	(continued)		r	s	t	u	V	W	Х	у	z	
		Disclosure reference date 30-06-2024: KPIs on flows										
			Climate Change Mitigation (CCM)					Climate Change Adaptation (CCA)				
		Proportion of new eligible assets funding taxonomy relevant sectors					Proportion of new eligible assets funding taxonomy relevant sectors					
		Of which environmentally sustainable				Of which environmentally sustainable						
	% (compared to total covered assets in the denominator))			Of which specialised lending	Of which transitional	Of which enabling			Of which specialised lending	Of which adaptation	Of which enabling	
1	GAR											
2	Loans and advances, debt securities and equity instruments not HfT eligible for GAR calculation	10.22	22.24					18.03				
3	Financial corporations	100.00	100.00									
4	Credit institutions											
5	Other financial corporations	100.00	100.00									
6	of which investment firms											
7	of which management companies											
8	of which insurance undertakings											
9	Non-financial corporations subject to NFRD disclosure obligations	100.00	13.45					18.03				
10	Households	8.67	22.38									
11	of which loans collateralised by residential immovable property	8.30	22.38									
12	of which building renovation loans	78.66										
13	of which motor vehicle loans	14.38										
14	Local government financing											
15	Housing financing											
16	Other local governments financing											



17	Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties									
(con	tinued)	aa	ab	ac	ad	ae	af			
			Disclosure reference date 30-06-2024: KPIs on flows							
			TOTAL (CCM + CCA)							
		Propo	Proportion of new eligible assets funding taxonomy relevant sectors							
			Of which environmentally sustainable							
	% (compared to total covered assets in the denominator))			Of which specialised lending	Of which transitional/adaptation	Of which enabling	Proportion of total new assets covered			
1	GAR									
2	Loans and advances, debt securities and equity instruments not HfT eligible for GAR calculation	10.18	22.11				5.97			
3	Financial corporations	100.00	100.00				10.52			
4	Credit institutions									
5	Other financial corporations	100.00	100.00				11.63			
6	of which investment firms									
7	of which management companies									
8	of which insurance undertakings									
9	Non-financial corporations subject to NFRD disclosure obligations	97.35	14.56							
10	Households	8.67	22.38				7.96			
11	of which loans collateralised by residential immovable property	8.30	22.38				7.91			
12	of which building renovation loans	78.66								
13	of which motor vehicle loans	14.38					5.98			
14	Local government financing									
15	Housing financing									
16	Other local governments financing									
17	Collateral obtained by taking possession: residential and commercial immovable properties									

Template 10 - Other climate change mitigating actions that are not covered in the EU Taxonomy

The Bank considers that it does not have any Banking book positions that could be classified as other climate change mitigating actions that are not covered in Regulation (EU) 2020/852.